MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

VOLUME XV. MILWAUKEE, TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 13, 1858. NUMBER 87.

THE DAILY SENTINEL.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 13.

TO ADVERTISERS.

☞ Business Notices appearing in the Local Columns will be charged 25 cents per line for the first, and 10 cents for each subsequent insertion.

☞ Transient Advertisements must be paid for invariably in advance.

☞ The number of insertions must in all cases be specified on the copy when handed in, as no "till forbid" Advertisements will be taken.

☞ Yearly Advertisers will be held strictly to Advertisements pertaining to their business. All other Notices will be charged at the Regular Rates.

☞ Extra displayed Advertisements, and those with large cuts, will be charged by the square for each insertion.

☞ Ordinary Notices of Deaths and Marriages inserted for twenty-five cents. Obituary Notices will be charged by the square.

The News.

Owing to the severe storm of yesterday, we have no telegraphic news from the East this morning, the wires have been broken down east of Chicago.

By way of St. Louis we have later news from Utah, Col. Stevens' train having arrived in advance of the mail. Col. Johnston intends to enter Salt Lake City with his little army immediately, unless he receives instructions from the President to await reinforcements.

The St. Louis *Republican* learns that a fearful hurricane passed over the village of Bentonville, Arkansas, blowing down every house in town, and killing twenty-five persons.

We have no Eastern market report. Our own market yesterday was dull.

Weather stormy. Last night we had a change from rain to sleet, with a strong wind. Several vessels have been blown ashore, particulars of which will be found elsewhere this morning.

THE RECENT FIRE AT HORICON.—A day or two after the fire at Horicon, a week ago Saturday, we published an item about the fire, which was sent us by Mr. Pomeroy, and which the *Sentinel*, with its customary assininity, pronounced grossly exaggerated, probably before it knew anything about it, aside from what we had published — The Horicon *Argus* of last week, has full particulars of the fire, and confirms our item concerning it, in full, except that we had it stone mills, when it should have been stone and mills. The loss, says the *Argus*, was in the neighborhood of $15,000. The *Argus* says that at least twenty other roofs were kindled in the course of the night, by the falling cinders, *but they were put out again.— Wisconsin of yesterday.*

If we undertook to correct all the blunders of the *Wisconsin*, we should have our hands full. Nor should we have noticed the one above referred to, save at the request of a citizen of Horicon, who gave us the particulars of the fire several hours before we saw the *Wisconsin's* fabulous account. We copy a single paragraph from that account, as an illustration of the whole. After describing the burning of the mills, the *Wisconsin* said:

Upwards of twenty houses in town took fire, from the falling of burning shingles. So strong was the wind that but few were saved.

The Horicon *Argus*, instead of "confirming" the above, as our "asinine" neighbor claims, briefly states, that "at least twenty other roofs" took fire, "*but they were put out again.*"— Another story altogether.

A VISIT FROM THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS OF THE D. & M. RAILWAY.—We are informed that Messrs. Brydges, Reynolds, Walker, Stewart, Trowbridge and Higham, leave this morning at half past 8 o'clock, by special train, for this city. The train will come to the head of the line which is within six miles of this river. The object of these gentlemen is to inspect the condition of the road, and to provide and mature plans for its certain and speedy completion.— This visit will afford them the opportunity to examine the resources of this Valley, and we hope for them a happy and cordial welcome.— The enterprise in which they are engaged is one that is vital to our every interest. It is expected that Mr. Brydges and his associates will visit Grand Rapids previous to their return.—*Grand Rapids Enquirer*, April 8.

We understand that these gentlemen will be in Milwaukee early next week, and as the great enterprise with which they are connected is of the first importance to our city and State, we hope that our Merchants, Business Men and others will be ready to take them by the hand, and bid them God speed in their good work.

GOV. WISE ON EMANCIPATION.—Below we give a passage from the Washington correspondence of the New York *Times*, which may be taken for whatever the reader deems it worth, concerning the position and purposes of Gov. Wise.— After alluding to the rumored intrigues of Mayor Wood, the writer says:

"Gov. Wise has nobler objects of action. He has, or is about to separate from the regular democratic organization upon a question which will agitate Virginia and all the Southern States for the next twenty years, with an intensity approaching the violence of the seditions of ancient Rome. It is the Slavery question. Gov. Wise is preparing himself for the great controversy of emancipation. That is the real basis of his hostility to the Lecompton constitution. He sees that Kansas can never become a market for the slaves of Virginia, while to force a pro-slavery government upon her, would give additional strength to the anti-emancipation party in Virginia and at Washington.

This great social question has been precipitated upon Virginia by the same means as in Missouri. It is the fruit of the internal improvement system, and the immigration of whites of the middle class. Those two influences are so rapidly increasing the price of lands as to render them too valuable for the occupation of colored laborers. Gov. Wise is statesman enough to perceive that these tendencies of the times cannot be resisted. The movement may be guided and the results tempered. He has the courage to govern his conduct by the requirements of the future, rather than the necessities of his present position. He, therefore, openly supports Eli Thayer's schemes of white colonization, and all the projects for canals and railroads which are running Virginia so heavily in debt, and may not improbably make her the greatest State of the Union, in population, wealth and political power."

LOOK OUT!—Our City authorities are requested to read the following belligerant card from the Green Bay *Advocate*, and "prepare for action:"

In answer to certain question of ours, in regard to the feasibility of an honest man's going to Milwaukee and getting away again with his clothes on his back, the *Sentinel* says:

"Mr. *Advocate*, your questions shall be answered categorically. 1—Bring some baggage with you, by all means. We have noticed the *Advocate* man, about town here, once or twice of late, and though he never brought any baggage with him, he always managed to take some away. 2—You may be quite certain of "getting away" again. Our police attend to that. They shipped off three to Chicago last week. 3—We should not advise putting your "boots outside," if there are as many snakes in them as when you last visited Milwaukee.

We owe the *Sentinel* man one. We shall favor his city with a visit. And if we are escorted out of town by the municipal authorities, it will be out of gratitude that at least one Milwaukee editor has got his deserts.

MOUNT VERNON.—Mr. John A. Washington, the present owner of Mount Vernon, proposes to sell 200 acres of it, minus the grave of Washington, which would be worth about $10,000, for $200,000. He formerly refused to sell on any one but the Federal Government or Virginia; but these not coming forward, he is now willing to accept his $200,000 from the Ladies of Virginia, assisted as they are by those of other States, and the eloquence of Edward Everett.— Mr. W. has already made a good thing of selling the timber of these hallowed acres, for canes, snuff-boxes, &c. As Mr. W. is not a Yankee, we suppose there is nothing to be said; but if he only *were* a Yankee, he would only be esteemed an intensely mean one. Still, a man may "do what he likes with his own," and those who don't like what he does are at perfect liberty to grumble.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Death of John Greig.

[Special Dispatch to the Albany Evening Journal.]

CANANDAIGUA, April 9, 1858.

Hon. John Greig, who has been in failing health for some time past, died at his residence in this village, at 4 o'clock this morning.

CITY MATTERS.

TRAVELLER'S DIRECTORY.

Railroads.

	Leave		*Arrive.*	
Lake Shore..	6.45 A. M.,	3.00 P. M.,	12.30 P. M.,	7.35 P. M
Mil. & Miss.	11.30 A. M.	4.45 P. M.	8.30 A. M.	19.15 P. M
Mil. & Wat..		4.45 P. M.		11.10 P. M
Lac. & Mil...		1.45 P. M.		12.35 P M
Mil. & Hor....		1.45 P. M.		6.50 P.M

Meeting of the Board of School Commissioners.

MILWAUKEE, April 10, 1858.

President Mallory in the Chair.

The report as to the appointment of teachers was presented and adopted, as follows:

FIRST WARD.

Principal Department—Mr. L. F. Sykes; 1st Ass't, Miss C. B. Cavanaugh; 2d Ass't, Miss Mary A. Harris.

Intermediate Department—Miss Hattie Brown, Principal; Miss Helen Upham, 1st Ass't.

Primary Department—Miss A. E. Jackway, Principal; Mrs. Louisa C. Sholes, 1st Ass't; Miss Quinn, 2d Ass't.

THIRD WARD.

Principal Department—F. C. Pomeroy, Principal, Miss C. E. Gilbert, 1st Ass't; Miss M. Gennett, 2d Ass't.

Intermediate Department—Mr. C. O. Mahoney, Principal; Miss A. P. Davis, 1st Ass't.

Primary—Miss Mary E. Boylan, Miss J. Porter, Miss K. Kennedy.

FOURTH WARD.

Principal Department—Mr. D. Davis, Principal; Miss M. Watkins, 1st Assistant; Miss H. Babcock, 2d Ass't.

Intermediate—Miss M. H. Baldwin, Principal; Miss J. Rogers, 1st Ass't; Miss F. Duggan, 2d Ass't.

Primary Department—

Miss S Corbett, Principal; Miss Kavanaugh, 1st Assistant; Miss Kerns, 2nd Assistant.

FIFTH WARD.

Principal Department—Mr. J. E. Bateman, Principal; Miss S A Drake, 1st Assistant; Miss C A Aiward, 2d Assistant.

Intermediate—Miss B F Morey, Principal; Miss N B Packard, 1st Assistant.

Primary—Miss Z B Trowbridge, Principal; Miss N E Trowbridge, 1st Assistant; Miss C E Gabrielson, 2d do.

SIXTH WARD.

Principal Department—Mr. H W Spaulding, Principal; Miss S Greenleaf, 1st Assistant; Miss L. Bishop, 2d Assistant.

Intermediate—Miss Yonts, Principal; Miss Hunkins, 1st Assistant; Miss M Leonard, 2d Assistant.

Primary—Miss J Davis, Principal; Miss E L Marsh, 1st Assistant; Miss S Pierce, 2d Ass't.

SEVENTH WARD.

Principal and Intermediate Department—Mr. H B Coe, Principal; H L Porter, C W Towne, Miss Everts, Assistants.

Primary—Miss Osgood, Principal; Miss Barnes, Miss O'Mara, Miss Hoffman, Assistants.

EIGHTH WARD.

F Mason, Principal.

NINTH WARD.

Miss E H Langdon, Principal, Miss D A Brown Assistant.

High School—J G McKindley, Principal; Miss Whipple, Miss Lincoln, Mr. F Rogenfuss.

After which the Board adjourned.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—The spring term of our Public Schools commenced yesterday; and tho' the weather was inclement, the streets muddy and the rain fell fast, the attendance of scholars was unprecedently large. This was especially the case with the new Seventh Ward School, which, under the superintendence of Mr. McKINDLEY, Mr. COE, and Miss OSGOOD, the respective Principals of the High Schools, Intermediate and Primary Departments, has become wonderfully popular, both with parents and children.— At the opening of the Schools, yesterday morning, there must have been nearly *four hundred* children in attendance, all anxious for admission

There were many more indeed, than the School could accommodate, and the necessity for more room, was made apparent.

We hear that others of our Public Schools were equally thronged at the opening yesterday. We hail this as a most encouraging sign; and hope that it will stimulate both Teachers and School Commissioners to increased efforts. The City has dealt liberally by our Public Schools, and all connected with them should strive to repay this liberality by making them, as far as possible, model institutions of their kind.

A FINE SAFE.—At the "Badger State Safe Works," we saw, yesterday, a very beautiful safe which had just been completed for J. B. Martin, Esq., of this city. It is a large and very elegantly finished one, its weight being 3,000 lbs., and the size of the inside about three feet wide, by four feet seven inches in height, and proportably deep. It is furnished with shelves, drawers, pigeon holes, and in fact all the conveniences of a small office. It is not necessary for us here to enumerate the good qualities of the Badger safes, for they are already well known to most of our people. The locking apparatus of these safes, is not their least interesting feature. To one unacquainted with it the key would no more facilitate him in opening it, than the commonest piece of iron he might pick up upon the street. It must be studied and thoroughly understood, else the most skillful mechanic would fail to unlock it, and as to a burglar opening one of these safes, there is not the slightest possibility of his being able to do so, without cutting the safe to pieces; and that would take considerably more time than gentlemen of this profession can usually devote to one job successfully. The Badger Safes have often been severely tested as to their capacity to withstand the devouring element, fire, and they have always proved amply worthy of the high praise which has been bestowed upon them for their security against the ever imminent dangers of a conflagration. We take particular pleasure in noticing these safes favorably, not altogether on account of their well known merits, but because they are the production of home enterprise and skill, which deserves every encouragement.

FOUND DROWNED.—On Sunday afternoon, the body of a man named August Breitstein was found in the lake at the mouth of the old Harbor by a fisherman. The body was examined by the city physician and no marks of violence were found upon it, so that it was considered unnecessary to hold an inquest upon it. Breitstein was last seen on the 24th of February; when missed search was made for him, but to no effect. He was a German laborer, about 38 years of age He leaves a wife and one child, who have been in very destitute circumstances since his death. It is supposed by some he fell into the river and was drowned, and the body afterwards carried to the lake by the current. Others, however, say that he had been troubled about religious matters, his wife and he being of opposite persuasions, and that he probably committed suicide.

POLICE COURT YESTERDAY.—Luther Huntley was sent up for the term of 30 days for drunkenness.

Dorothea Wagner was arrested for committing an assault and battery upon Frederica Wagner, but was dismissed for want of prosecution.

DIED FROM THE EFFECTS OF BAD WHISKEY.—A woman named Higgins was found dead in a shanty in the Third Ward yesterday morning. A post portem examination was made on the body by Dr. Nauman, who certified to the woman's death having been produced by excessive use of liquor. The woman was an unfortunate, abandoned creature, who was always drunk when out of jail.

A NORTH-EAST STORM.

Heavy Rain—Vessels Ashore.

The North-East storm which set in here, Saturday morning, lasted without intermission, all thro' that day, Sunday and yesterday, though its force was well nigh spent, by last evening. The wind blew steadily, and at times, violently from the North-East, shifting occasionally to the Eastward, or South of East, and the rain fell in torrents. A tremendous sea was running on the Lake, and broke furiously upon the pier head of the New, as well as the Old Harbor, and on the beach of our Bay. Both Sunday and Saturday nights must have been hard ones for our Lake Marine, and we fear that we shall hear of numerous disasters. The record for this port will be found below. As yet, we do not hear of any loss of life.

Several propellers and vessels came in during the blow, and quite a fleet now lies wind bound in our river. We have not seen the water in our river so high, for a long time, as it was yesterday. The rain, though over abundant, was much needed, both in city and country. It has filled our cisterns, and washed our streets, and falling upon the newly sown grain, will, with a little sunshine, soon quicken that into life. After so thorough a soaking, the first bright, warm day, will give a wonderful start to vegetation.

VESSELS ASHORE NEAR THIS PORT, &c.—There are five vessels ashore within sight of this city. They are all south of the old harbor, except one, which is between the old and new harbors, high and dry on the beach. Some of them are in a critical position, but it is thought they will all be got off without serious damage, as they are lying upon a sandy beach, too high to be affected much by the waves. Those ashore, as near as we can ascertain, are the brig *Mechanic*, schooners *O. Harrison*, *Magic*, *Stella*, and *Planet*. They all went ashore attempting to make the old harbor. The want of a proper light at the Straight Cut entrance, is a great inconvenience to mariners, and, to say the least, a reprehensible neglect on the part of those in authority.

Of the vessels on shore, the brig *Mechanic*, is from Chicago, laden with grain, bound down.— The *Magic* and *Stella*, are both light, and from Chicago, bound to the North for lumber. The *Planet* is from Black River, and was bound for Chicago; the *Harrison*, is from this port, and was in the lumber business. She is also light. The *Magic*, is damaged to some extent and leaking. The Propeller *Ogdensburgh*, arrived off the Harbor on Sunday night, but did not attempt to run in, there being no light on the pier. She lay outside the Harbor all night, and came in yesterday morning. She came near having a collision with one of the vessels, that run ashore during the night.

Among the vessels that succeeded in getting in safe are the *Jo Mills* of Manitowoc, from Chicago, bound down with grain; the *Live Oak*, also from Chicago, with wheat, for the lower lakes; the *Two Charlies*, bound to Manitowoc, and the *Jane Louisa*, all light, besides some others, the names of which we could not learn. At a late hour last night, the waves were still rolling high, but the wind had calmed down a little.

COMPLAINTS AGAINST THE POLICE.—We published yesterday a complaint made against the Police, by Darby Carney, of the Third Ward.— To-day we give the other side of the story, being the affidavit of the two Policemen who made the arrest. The order to clear the space in front of the window where the votes were received, came from Ald. JENNINGS, one of the Inspectors.

Affidavit.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY, } ss.

John McCarty and David Coughlin, being duly sworn, say that on the day of the last charter election, they were detailed to keep order at the Third Ward polls; that in the afternoon of that day, Darby Carney and others crowded into the enclosure where the polls were kept; one of the inspectors of the election called out to have the polls cleared, when they, as officers, directed such persons to leave the enclosure, as required by the Inspector; they all left as requested, except Carney, who stated that he would not go out for any d—d man, and became very noisy; they then proceeded to remove him from the enclosure, when he was subsequently taken into custody by the Chief of Police, who came up at that time; further state that on the evening before election they, in the presence of the whole police force, received orders from the Chief of Police, as they have on every election day, not in any way to electioneer, or interfere with the election, but simply to attend to their duties as policemen, under penalty of being discharged.

Subscribed and sworn to this 12th day of April, 1858, before me,

J. McCARTY,
D. COUGHLIN.

CLINTON WALWORTH, Police Justice.

Meeting of the Milwaukee Bar.

For the purpose of effecting a more complete and fraternal organization of the Milwaukee Bar, the members thereof are requested to meet at the Court House, on the evening of Tuesday, the 13th inst, at 7½ o'clock.

E G Ryan, Wm P Lynde, O H Waldo, J P C Cottrell, E L Buttrick, J E Arnold, A Finch, Levi Hubbell, J H Paine, A Smith, A H R Butler, Chas E Jenkins, J S Brown, E Foote, H M Finch, D B Ogden, A C May, Thomas D. Ogden, Jason Downer, N J Emmons, Robert Chandler, D J Hooker, R N Austin, J R Brigham, F N Van Valkenburgh, Winfield Smith, S S Small, J B D Cogswell, Jno A Savage, Jr, G Y Pierce, J H Tweedy, E S Taylor, J H Dodge, Byron Paine, Samuel Bishop, A C Tracy, D A J Upham, G W Larkin, Geo W Chapman, D L Doyo, J Zander.

BLACKWOOD FOR MARCH.—This sterling monthly is, as usual, full of interesting and instructive matter. The first paper is a continuation of Bulwer's new novel:

1. What will he do with it? Part X.
2. Zanzibar; and two months in East Africa. Part II.
3. Our Convicts—Past and Present.
4. Stories from Ancient Sind.
5. Food and Drink.
6. Sullivan on Cumberland.
7. Curiosities of Natural History.
8. A few more Words from Mr. John Company to Mr. John Bull.

The price of Blackwood is $5, and with the four British Reviews is furnished for ten dollars. Address, for either, or all of them, Leonard Scott & Co., 79 Fulton Street, N. Y.

☞ WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.—We have never known any other medicine to win as large a share of public confidence in so short a time as this has done. It has not been more than a year since we first heard of it, and it now stands at the head of all remedies of the kind. We have never tried it ourselves, having had no occasion, as our "crown of glory" not only as yet retains its original color, but gets more so—but some of our friends have, and we have never known it to fail in restoring the hair to its original color. We advise such as are becoming premature gray, to give the "Restorative" a trial.—*Chester (Ill.) Herald.*

For sale by all respectable Druggists.

apr7-dawlow-with-1m

ALMOST A BAD BREAK DOWN.—Yesterday morning, between three and four o'clock, the Red Warehouse, on the north side of Walker's Point Bridge, settled a little on one side which caused some of the heavy timbers to give way, and it is thought the immense weight of flour and wheat in the building, would have crushed it down, but for the beams having been securely propped up before much damage was done. Had the cross timbers given way, the building would no doubt have been ruined and its contents precipitated into the river. A boy who slept in the warehouse, was aroused by the crackling noise of the overstrained timbers, and went immediately for Mr. Martin. The sicking of this warehouse, it is thought, was caused by the water having worn away part of the foundation.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

Monday, April 12th, 1858.

NEWHALL HOUSE.

I G Broom, Cincinnati
H Holden, Cleveland
C Simons, Albany
W Hazelton, Columbus
J V Ayer, Kenosha
A D Peaves, Sp Ingfield, Mas
W W Young, N Y
S L Holmes, Chicago
W F Eustis, Boston
S Corbett, N York
P Daukerron, do
S Bang, do
G D Lord, do
A D Peaves, Sp Ingfield, Mas
F J Billinger, Eau Claire
Jno Potter, Concord, N H
E A Ladue, Detroit
A W Smith, Madison
M Sugman, N Y
G V Whitte, Boston
G A Insel, Chicago
W W Arnold, Buffalo
C W Holt, do

J W Edson, P du Lac
C Mallowell, St Louis
J B Smith & l, Fox Lake
F T Burbanks, Nil
L A Howard, Chicago
C Hitchcock, Buffalo
W C Nettleton, St Louis
H Crosswell, Huston, Wis
W Furlan', Columbus
A Wheeler, do
Sam West, London, Ohio
C H Noble, Cleveland
S H Keyncar, Troy, N Y.
D M Bingham, Chicago
W L Eastman, Fairbank, Mi
M F Mauch, N Y
Aug Schimmal, do
W A Jones, do
W P Nril, Chicago
A H Peters, do
D D Thomas, Fox Lake
L D Olarie, N k

WALKER HOUSE.

R P Moore, Decora
G M Morgan, Mil
Jas C Crossman, Columbus
Jas O Comstock
C Mann
F Wilks
G W Birchard, Fox Lake
C H Guild, Baltimore
D M Ley, Dr pelman
Miss Osborn, Wauwatosa
Tilte, Racine
Thos R Roddes, Waukesha

A D Comisell, Salem
S Collins, Yorkville, Racine
A Grover, Racine
H Warner, do
Mrs Harvey & c, Monticello
H Osborne, Chicago
J Burcler, do
Chas E Hill, Wauwatosa
W F Hovey, Fc Atkinson
A Filer, Racine
D C Lace, Horicon

AMERICAN HOUSE.

F D Lumsden, P du Lac
E R Barker, Geneva, N Y
Lew Hager, Manchester
M F Brewster, New Rochester, N Y
Isaac Lair, Waukesha
M Temple, Norpoint
H McFarlane, Portage
P L Fenton, Wonewoc
H E Kelo, do
D W Small, Oconomowoc
R B Cotton, Rochs, Conn
M Stuart, Geneva
S A Lewis, Elba, N Y
H H Smith, N Orleans
P D Haywood, Kingston
D Devany, Montello
J R Shipley, Rosendel
N W Smith, Memphis
F J Adams, P du Chien
H C Hill, Mogle
R C Cooper, Columbus
S C Pelar, es, Brodhead

F D McGarty, Fond du Lac
W P Barnes, Wash Co
H Pearce, P du Lac
P J Holcomb, Delafield
D L Whitemore, St Paul
B Courtright, Stevens Pt
S S Jamison, Chicago
S L White, do
S M Wetsyns, do
W m Hart, Portage
Nelson Hart, do
A W Morrison, Ft Atkinson
C Fletcher, Stevens Pt
E Winnie, Elkhorn
S B Parsons, Wis
J McGillan, do
Gus Woodbury, N Y
A J Hopkins, do
Chas B Price, St Paul
E D Johnson, Phil
Joseph Burns, Ohio
Geo Craig, Racine
H Brown, P du Chien

COMMERCIAL.

Milwaukee Market.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY SENTINEL, }
MILWAUKEE, April 13, 1858. }

Received by R. & M. R. R., April 12—670 bbls flour, 2,565 bus wheat, 6) bus oats, 118 bus corn, 167 bus potatoes, 9,680 lbs hides, 2 cars stone.

By Mil. & Mor. R. R.—1,340 bus wheat, 1,000 lbs hams.

Receipts were light, yesterday, and little doing in our market. Strictly extra samples of wheat were in good demand. No. 1, however, was duller, and there was no sale for common lots. The storm greatly affected business generally.

WHEAT—Shipments 46,200 bush, receipts 4,060. We quote extra club in demand at 85@87c, No. 1 62@64c, and common club at 61@62c. Red and white winter in fair request at 70@90c.

FLOUR—Shipments 9,060 bbls, receipts 670. Holders firm, and prices unchanged.

FREIGHTS—There was little doing in freights, yesterday. The schooner *Thornton* takes wheat and flour to Oswego at 13½ and 45c.

RYE—Is scarce and wanted at 46@50c. Receipts very small.

BARLEY—Receipts heavy, and dull at 36@40c from common to bright lots.

OATS—Coming in freely, and selling readily at 28@30c from the track.

CORN—Nominal at 33@35c in the car, and 30@37c shelled.

BEANS—Quiet at 62½c for best.

TIMOTHY SEED—Receipts smaller and demand fair, at $1,35@1,50 for best quality.

POTATOES—Are coming in in large quantities, and are dull at 75c.

EGGS—Also in large supply, and very moderate request at 8@10.

BUTTER—There is a moderate enquiry for good firkins at 13½@14c, and for roll at 15c.

PORK—Dressed hogs are still coming in, in small quantities, and find ready sale at $5,75@6 for home consumption.

HIDES—Receipts have been large for the week, and demand good at 4½@5¼ for green, and 10@12 for dry.

SHEEP PELTS—In good request, at 12½@75c.

WOOL—More plenty, at $2,50@3 for mixed, and $2,25@4 for best hard wood.

The weather, yesterday, was about an unfavorable as it well could be for business. A fierce rain storm raged all Sunday night and yesterday, and the clouds still looked angry last evening.

ERRATUM.—In our table of shipments, yesterday, we had 1,700 bbls of flour shipped to Chicago, which we find was an error. It should have been *four barrels*, instead of barrels of flour.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, April 12.

FLOUR—We quote at $5,25@5,50. For very choice brands, holders are asking higher figures.

WHEAT—Quiet. Buyers were offering 60c to store freely. Three or four car loads and 2,000 bu brought these figures, and a boat load 62c afloat.

CORN—A choice article afloat brings 42c. There is but little doing.

OATS—Firmer, owing to the large shipment Saturday, and 30c asked.

BARLEY—Quiet at 30a35c.

FREIGHTS—Holders firmer. No charters reported.—*Journal of last evening.*

MARINE.

Port of Milwaukee—April 12.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Cleveland, Doucall, Two Rivers, 15 tons mdze 25 pass, 819 doz pails, 50 dz tubs, 65 rolls leather.
Propeller Pittsburgh, Beckwith, Cleveland, 32 bbls vinegar, 106 bbls dried apples, 2 bbls whiskey.
Propeller Ogdensburgh, Richardson, Cleveland, 6 pass.
Schooner M. M. Scott, Bond, Presque Isle, 256 bbls salt.
Schooner Guido, Johnson, Sand Bay, 150 cords tan. bark.
Schooner Free Mason, Bouton, Green Bay, 250,000 shingles.
Brig Mechanic, aground outside the harbor.
Schooner Magic, aground outside the harbor.
Schooner Stella, do do do
Schooner Planet, do do do

CLEARED.

Propeller Cuyahoga, Hathaway, Chicago.
Barque Three Bells, Smith, Montreal, 13,000 bus wheat.
Brig Mahoning, Stewart, Collingwood, 2,000 bbls flour.
Schooner Sacramento, Ferdinand, Manitowoc Island, 61,000 bricks.
Schooner Onward, Tracy, Oswego, 11,000 bush wheat, 111 bbls flour.
Schooner Sioux, Ford, Buffalo, 5,000 bush wheat.
Schooner C. P. Storrs, Carroll, Oswego, 9,000 bus wheat, 1,300 bbls flour, 200 bush potatoes.
Schooner Fred Hitt, Cheyne, Buffalo, 11,000 bush wheat.
Schooner St. Andrews, Horn, Kings co, 13,800 bus wheat.
Schooner Stronach, Freeland, Muskegon, 80 bus oats, 12 bbls flour, 1 ton mill feed.

E. TOWNSEND MIX,
ARCHITECT & SUPERINTENDENT
Office in Ludington's Block,
CORNER OF EAST WATER AND WISCONSIN ST

WILLIAM FLEMING,
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LATEST NEWS!

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH

Later from Utah.

ST. LOUIS, April 12.

Col. Stevens' train arrived here yesterday from Santa Fe in advance of the mails. He reports that Capt. Marcy left the camp ground from Fort Union, the 18th ult. He had about 1,200 animals, mostly mules. There was an abundant supply of forage and plenty of provisions for the most. He had 150 regular troops and the same number of mountaineers and herdsmen with him, and expressed his entire confidence on being able to reach Camp Scott without difficulty.

He intended to travel slowly so as to keep the animals in good condition, but expected to join Johnson before the first of May.

An express from Fort Leavenworth, with orders to General Garland, to furnish money and a strong escort, met on the 18th, sixty miles east of Santa Fe, a large number of Indians, all of whom expressed their desire for peace with the Americans. The grass was growing rapidly.

FEARFUL Hurricane—Great Loss of Life.

ST. LOUIS, April 13.

The *Republican* learns that on the 27th of March a hurricane passed over Bentonville, Arkansas, blowing down nearly every house in town, killing 25 persons, and wounding a great number.

Execution.

LANCASTER, Pa., April 9.

Anderson and Richards were hung together at twenty-five minutes before 12 o'clock to-day.— Both were penitent, calm and composed.

Anderson died without a struggle, and prayed at the gallows for himself and Richards, but made no speech.

Anderson's confession, written by himself, is a thrilling narrative.

They murdered Mrs. Garber and Mrs. Beam for the purpose of robbing them of twelve and a half cents to get a pint of whiskey. Both were drunk at the time.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, April 9.

Mr. Peter Besancon, in a card, published this morning, says that Secretary Thompson and himself have been for years on friendly terms until yesterday's occurrence.

That meeting then was of a friendly nature, and the affair was unpremeditated; the result of a misunderstanding, and no one can regret the difficulty more than himself. He adds that he has often visited the Department and was armed only for self-defence, in anticipation of an attack from another quarter.

Highly Interesting from Utah.

Murder of Dr. G. W. Hickman—Astonishing charges against Messrs. Russell and Waddle—Brigham Young intends to burn down St. Louis, Keokuk, Chicago, New York and Washington.

CAMP SCOTT, U. T., March 1.

One who has not been accustomed to this climate could hardly believe the rapid changes which it undergoes. When I wrote to you my last letter I had to thaw my ink, and with difficulty only could I keep myself from freezing inside my tent. Now, I am writing without fire and am very comfortable. Were it not for the lack of verdure in our landscape, and the mountains, apparently within a stone's throw of us, whose tops and sides are groaning under their heavy mantle of snow, and the ice yet bridging over our little stream, I would think I was writing this on a summer's day, and under a tropical sun. To-day is really a spring day—warm, lovely and pleasant without. The thermometer marks 56 degrees above zero. This opens well for March. It is an old saying, that when March "comes in like a lamb it goes out like a lion." If this holds good here, we are yet to be reminded that we are still in the Rocky Mountains. The old mountain men, however, say that the winter is over. One of them told me that he saw, the other day, grass growing on the sunny side of the elevations. The snow is all gone from the valleys and lower altitudes where the sun could shine. About two weeks ago the weather changed suddenly from cold to warm, and has continued warm ever since; but the mountain streams have not yet begun to flow.

The beef I stored away for our supplies until spring has commenced to thaw. Fears are entertained that much of it will spoil if this warm spell continues. But efforts are being made to preserve it by surrounding it with ice. If this project fails, we have about six hundred head of cattle on the hoof that can be slaughtered at pleasure to supply the demand. Six hundred more can be had from Platte Bridge early in the spring.

Divers rumors are afloat in camp concerning the attitude of the Mormons in Salt Lake. But we have no reliable information from that quarter. One of these rumors says that the Mormons are all leaving the city and seeking refuge in the mountains. Another states that they are sending only their women and children to the mountains and outside villages for security while the fighting population are to remain and prepare to give us a hot and hospitable reception in the spring. These rumors are brought in by Indians who may be interested in behalf of the Mormons to circulate them.

No tidings have reached us from Capt. Marcy, whose return from Taose, New Mexico, is expected in April, or sooner. Neither have we heard from the "Rangers," under Fielding, who left more than two months ago to go to the "Flat Head" nation for Indian ponies. His return is also expected soon.

The expedition alluded to in my last article, as having gone to reinforce Captain Marcy, has been so fortunate as to reclaim forty-four battery horses, which were supposed to have been stolen from the army last fall. These horses were brought into camp three days ago by some Utah Indians. On being questioned where the horses were found, these Indians would only reply,—"Away off yonder, away off—many heap of *sleeps* from here." It is supposed they were reclaimed somewhere in the Utah Valley. They are in fine condition.

The disposition of the troops is about the same as when I wrote last, except that Major Sibley has moved his company about ten miles below us, and encamped on Black's Fork. Lieut. Hight has moved his company of dragoons from Smith's Fork and joined Major Sibley. It became necessary to station these two companies of dragoons there, for the purpose of protecting the animals that are to be herded there.

Two days ago intelligence came to us that the body of a man was found hanging to a tree near Smith's Fork. Some dragoons found the body thus suspended, cut it down and buried it. A jury was ordered to hold an inquest on the body for the purpose of ascertaining the particulars of his death and identifying the man. Squire Burr, (son of the surveyor general of this territory), Marshal Dotson, Surgeon Bailey, of the United States army, were dispatched to Smith's Fork, with an order to examine the body and proceed with the coroner's inquest. They returned yesterday and reported their inability to find the grave. Lieut. Hight had moved his camp, and the soldiers who buried the body were not on hand to point out the grave. I understand the party will be sent back again, and that the soldiers who found the body will accompany them.

It is not known positively who the man was that was hung. Those who found him report that he had red whiskers and a mark, as if from a cut on his right cheek. His skull was knocked in behind. This shows that he did not hang himself. The body had the appearance of having been hanging there some months. His eyes were eaten out by the crows, and his face was so picked and mangled that nothing more was observed which would aid in identifying the individual. There are, however, strong reasons for believing the body to be that of Dr. George W. Hickman, who was released from Col. Alexander's camp last fall. Dr. Hickman, had a red goatee on the chin, and a whitish mustache. He had a scar on his right cheek.

A few days after Dr. Hickman left our camp, it was whispered around among the mountain men here, "that *he had not been able to make the connection*," meaning that he had been cut off before he could join the Mormons then at Fort Bridger. Dr. Hickman, as well as his brother, the notorious "Bill" Hickman, had had much to do in the outrages committed against the resident mountain men. His clique, headed by "Bill" Hickman, had driven them from their homes, had stolen their horses and cattle, and had remorsely appropriated to their own use much of their property. It was stated as a fact, that the *mule* Dr. Hickman rode out of our camp when he was released was stolen by "Bill" H. from one of our guides, now present in our camp.

It is thus rendered highly probable that the dead body is that of Dr. H., who was murdered to gratify the malice, which all the mountaineers bear, not only to the Mormons generally, but particularly to "Bill" Hickman, the doctor and their clan. Some think, on the contrary, that this is the body of some person returning to the States from our camp or California, who was murdered for his money.

But, no matter whose body it is, every means will be used to ferret out the perpetrator of the deed, and bring him to condign punishment.— By the next mail I shall be able to give you more particulars concerning this inhuman affair. The body will be dissected by a surgeon, with a view of identifying it.

It was not known, until last week that anything more could be done by the agents of Messrs. Russell & Waddle, contractors to freight for the army here, or that another disclosure of the doings of this firm could be made which could *surprise* anybody here. We all know, and you in the States have heard, of the inefficiency and mismanagement of the agents of this firm; but no one could ever have dreamed that, while freighting for the general government, and receiving pay for it, they were also freighting for our enemies. It is even so. I doubt if anything else which the future may reveal concerning this firm can now astonish any one. Last week, on examining the wagons that Mr. Rupp, their agent, packed at Fort Bridger, there were found in an interior wagon *one thousand pounds of powder*, and other merchandise, directed to Eldridge, the agent for the Mormon church, with "For X. Y." underneath. "X. Y." means 'the church of Mormon!'

This powder and this merchandise Russell & Waddle, through their agent, Mr. Rupp, carted all the way across the plains for the "enemies of the government," which employed Russell & Waddle to freight provisions for the army it has sent here to put down the Mormon rebellion! Whether Russell & Waddle knew that this powder was coming, and authorized it, I am not able to say. If they did sanction it, they can never outlive the disgrace which must legitimately fall upon them for furnishing powder to a people who are every hour preparing, and waiting the time, to send their leaden balls through the hearts of loyal American citizens. Let us hope the gentlemen of the firm knew nothing of this—that it was the act of their agent, Mr. Rupp. We would gladly believe that Russell & Waddle would never become a party to any such transaction. But they must, to some extent, be responsible for the acts of their *principal* agent. However, we think their agent, Mr. Rupp, would not scruple to do such a thing, even on his *own* sole responsibility. He disappeared from here between two days, and forfeited his bond of $500 to appear as a witness, at the

VOLUME XV. MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL, TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 13, 1858. NEW SERIES.

THE DAILY SENTINEL

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.
T. D. JERMAIN..... E. H. BRIGHTMAN.

RUFUS KING.....Editor.

TERMS OF THE SENTINEL.
Daily, $7,00—Tri-Weekly $4,00—Weekly $1,50
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

MILWAUKEE:

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 13

The Spring Elections.

The Spring Elections in this State have, with few exceptions, terminated disastrously for the so-called "Democratic" party. Mr. BUCHANAN'S Lecompton policy has fairly broken its back, and made it an easy prey to the opposition. We have already published the results in a large number of the principal towns and cities of the State, and this morning give "a few more of the same sort."

MANITOWOC village elects the entire Republican ticket by decisive majorities; CHARLES EBE LINGER, President, 168 majority; O. KOCH, Treasurer, 188 do., and S. W. SMITH, (the wide awake editor of the *Tribune*) Marshal by 164 majority.

In the town of Manitowoc the same party carried the day handsomely; the majority for A. W. PARSON, chairman, being 99, and on the rest of the ticket ranging from 75 to 126.

OZAUKEE, as we have already stated, elects the Peoples' ticket, by nearly 300 majority over the Democratic do.; M. KILGORE, for chairman, beating H. J. SCHULTZE, 334 votes.

WHITEWATER (Walworth county) elects the entire Republican ticket with a single exception (School Superintendent) by large majorities.—For chairman of the Board, R. O.CONNOR, (Rep.) received 235 votes and A. H. SCOVILLE, (Dem.) 173.

PALMYRA, (Jefferson county) elects the Republican ticket; N. F. SMITH, for chairman, receiving 274 majority.

JEFFERSON, in the same county, elects portions of each ticket, Peoples' and Democratic; N. C. HURLBUT, (Rep.) being chosen Chairman by 8 majority, and A. T. COLMAN, Treasurer, by 164 majority, and the Democrats carrying the rest.

ELKHORN, town, elects the Republican ticket by 69 majority. The same is true of every Town in Rock, from which we have received returns, except Fulton, which has elected the democratic ticket.

LA GRANGE, (Walworth county) elects the entire Republican ticket by decisive majorities.

CONNECTICUT ELECTION.—Every Congressional District in Connecticut, at the recent election, gave a decisive Republican majority. This is a practical repudiation, by the people, of the Lecompton votes cast by those twin Connecticut Doughfaces, ARNOLD and BISHOP. The vote for Governor, in all but 16 towns, stands as follows:

Counties.	*Buckin.*	*Pratt.*	*Scatt.*
Hartford (1 town wanting)	7,034	7,131	29
New Haven (complete)	6,535	6,107	115
N. London (3 t'ns wanting)	3,890	2,475	3
Fairfield (2 t'ns wanting)	4,138	3,867	2
Windham (3 t'ns wanting)	2,575	1,631	—
Litchfield (2 t'ns wanting)	4,004	3,569	—
Middlesex (complete)	2,468	2,633	24
Tolland (3 towns wanting)	1,391	1,236	—
Total (in all but 16 t'ns)	31,035	28,330	174
Buckingham's majority,		3,140.	

The remaining towns will probably add about 100 to Mr. Buckingham's majority, which is the largest polled for any candidate for Governor for many years. The full vote will be near 70,000.

The Legislature is Republican by 2 to 1, in both branches.

RHODE ISLAND ELECTION:—"Little Rhody" held her annual State election on Monday last, and, like New Hampshire and Connecticut, gave a rousing verdict against the Administration.—The following is the vote for Governor by counties, only three towns to hear from:

	American Rep. Dyer.	Democratic. Potter.
Providence County,	4682	2057
Newport County,	1043	464
Kent County,	759	253
Washington County,	920	729
Bristol County,	208	119
	7522	3618

The Legislature is Republican by overwhelming majorities. In the whole State the Democrats elect only two Senators and four Representatives. A U. S. Senator in place of JAMES, (Dem.) is to be chosen by this Legislature; securing another gain for Freedom.

A CURIOUS HOAX BY AN IRISHMAN, ON THE LONDON PRESS.—The London papers lately had, for several days in succession, accounts of what purported to be a convention of Italians in that city in favor of Louis Napoleon. Distinguished names were given of those present, and speeches put into their mouths, a manifesto against tyrannicide and in favor of a constitutional monarchy in Italy was issued, and an appeal to the refugees to join in the process against regicide. The *Times* paid eight pounds for the report, and noticed the convention in an elaborate leader, and all the other Dailies paid more or less for simultaneous copies of the same reports. The manifesto was forwarded to the French embassy and duly acknowledged, and the movement was favorably noticed in Parliament. After the affair had gone on for a week, and the public was getting interested, it was discovered that the whole thing was a hoax, and to add to the mortification of the London publishers, it was the work of a poor Irish scribbler, driven to the necessity of earning his bread by his genius. He wrote the whole thing, speeches, manifestoes and all, and did them so admirably that no one suspected that they were not genuine. Such a hoax would not be possible in this country, where the press relies on its own reporters for news.

"APRIL FOOL," IN ALBANY.—The Albany correspondent of the N. Y. *Times* says that on the First of April "Some person procured from the Governor's room the kind of paper on which his Excellency usually writes his letters. These were filled up generally with requests from the Governor that those to whom they were addressed would at once call at the Executive chamber. I saw more than one of the Senate legislators fold up his specs, gather his papers, look his drawer, and then go gravely down to the conference which his Excellency had invited. One of the most formal and reserved of all the Senate was first 'sold.' 'I swear,' is a common expression, and one that is not usually very forcible; but I thought it had an immense force, as the Senator gave it upon emerging from the Executive's room."

NEWSPAPERS A WIDOW'S RIGHT.—A Vermont Judge of Probate has incorporated it as a part of the law of his court, that the administrator must allow the widow the cost of a newspaper, she making her own selection from the common fund. The common law of America now recognizes the newspapers as a family and individual necessity. It is classed with pigs and potatoes, cassimere and calico, a thing to be exempted—like the family bible, never to suffer from rapacious creditors, never to be parted with in the direst poverty.

THE LAKES OF MINNESOTA.—The St. Paul *Minnesotian* publishes a list of eighty-four of the lakes of Minnesota, which vary in size from one to thirty miles in length. There are many more lakes in the Territory, but these were omitted from the list because they had no names.

MONROE, GREEN COUNTY.—We learn from the *Sentinel*, of the 8th inst., that the town election in Monroe resulted in a handsome Republican triumph; the majorities on the Republican ticket ranging from 50 to 125. F. H. WEST, for Chairman of the Board of Supervisors, received 284 votes to 269 for S. P. CONDEE.

The New Common Council.

Mayor PARSONS has notified the two Boards of Common Council to meet together, in joint convention, at 2 o'clock to-morrow (Wednesday) afternoon, to consider the subject of the various city appointments. There are numerous applicants for the different city offices, and each competitor, as is not unnatural, thinks his chances and claims the best. The present incumbents desire, for the most part, to retain their places; and are unwilling to have it thought that the verdict of the People, on Tuesday last, had any special reference to them. In this, however, we think that they mistake public sentiment. The vote at the Charter Election indicated unmistakably the wish of the People for a general change in the City Offices. The prevailing opinion seemed to be that this process was essential to a thorough renovation and reform; and the new Common Council, in our judgment, would disappoint that sentiment and fail to reflect the popular will, if they did not elect new men in place of those now holding these offices.

In the selection of their successors there is but one safe rule. They should be chosen with sole reference to their character and capacity. No idle, inefficient, or untrustworthy men should be saddled upon the city, or supported out of the Treasury, merely because of alleged services in behalf of the People's ticket, by themselves, or their sponsors. What the people expect, and what their votes on Tuesday last called for, is AN HONEST, EFFICIENT AND ECONOMICAL CITY ADMINISTRATION, and this can only be secured by putting *the right men in the right places*. A decided majority of the Common Council were elected on the People's ticket, in opposition to the regular party nominees. Every man, whether Alderman, or Councillor, who was nominated and elected on this ticket, is honorably bound thereby to discard party considerations in the choice of City Officers, and to cast his vote for the best men. There is no lack of competent and reliable men to be found, to fill the subordinate posts in the City Administration, and upon such alone should the appointments be conferred.—Let the Common Council do this, and they will have well seconded the Retrenchment and Reform movement so successfully inaugurated on Tuesday last.

THE RECORD.

The Members of Congress from the Free States who have persistently voted *not* to allow the People of Kansas to say decisively by a majority vote whether they will accept and come into the Union, under the Lecompton Constitution, or rejecting this, frame another which shall be satisfactory to them, are the following:

SENATE.

RHODE ISLAND, } Philip Allen.
NEW JERSEY, Wm. Wright, John R. Thomson.
PENNSYLVANIA, William Bigler.
INDIANA, } Jesse D. Bright, *G. N. Fitch.
IOWA, } George W. Jones.
CALIFORNIA, William M. Gwin.
OHIO, } George E. Pugh.

*Rogus. †Defying Instructions. ‡Binding and pelterling.

Total (Senate,) . . . 9

HOUSE.

CONNECTICUT.

Samuel Arnold, William D. Bishop.

NEW YORK.

John Cochrane, Erastus Corning,
Israel T. Hatch, John Kelly,
William B. Maclay, William F. Russell,
John A. Searing, Daniel E. Sickles,
George Taylor, Elijah Ward.

NEW JERSEY.

John Huyler, John R. Wortendyke.

PENNSYLVANIA.

John A. Ahl, William L. Dewart,
William H. Dimmick, Thomas B. Florence,
James L. Gillis, J. Glancey Jones,
James Landy, Paul Leidy,
Henry M. Phillips, Wilson Reilly,
Allison White.

OHIO.

Joseph Burns, Joseph Miller.

INDIANA.

James McGrorr, James Hughes,
William E. Niblack.

CALIFORNIA.

Charles L. Scott.

Total (House,) . . . 31

Plant a Tree.

Plant it anywhere; by the side of the road, in the garden, in the yard, or on the hill-side, in any place where it can take root and grow.—This is just the place for planting and transplanting trees, and we hope every person who has an opportunity will plant at least one.

Nothing has contributed more to beautify our streets than the pleasant trees which adorn so many of them. There is still, however, much to be done in this way, and we trust that our people will not let the present season slip by without planting shade trees in those parts of our city where they not already. To do so, will not only greatly add to the beauty of our fair city, but considerably enhance the value of property.

It has been said that the person who plants a tree becomes a public benefactor. This is so; and not only is he a public benefactor in the present, but he is doing good for the generations to come after him. Nothing adds so much to the general beauty of the country as shade and fruit trees. They are also useful as well as beautiful. They not only furnish food to please and improve the human system, but they furnish a grateful and pleasant shelter to protect the weary traveler and the jaded citizen from the scorching rays of the sun.

Trees also have a moral effect on the mind.—Who is there that has not felt the glow of happiness and joy to be experienced in sylvan shades? Each twig and leaf and blossom seems pregnant with happiness as they bask in the smiles of their Creator, and by some magnetic influence this happiness is imparted to the beholder. The little birds congregate in umbrageous shades, to pour out their songs of thanksgiving and praise to Him whose beneficence formed the grove and the forest; and no one possessing a tithe of the soul of a man can listen to them without experiencing a sentiment of good, and carrying with him better and kindlier feelings towards his fellow beings.

Then plant a tree. If you do not live to reap any benefit from it some one else will. Plant a tree, and when you are slumbering quietly in your grave the monument of your goodness will remain behind, to shower its blessings on those who come after you, and you will have left a token that you lived to some purpose.

THE CITY OF GREEN BAY.—This ancient burgh held its Charter Election last week. There were no party nominations, but plenty of candidates. Mr. BUTLER FOLLETT, a prominent business man, was elected Mayor; P. KLAUS, Treasurer; PAUL FOX and O. B. GRAVES, Assessors; JOSHUA WHITNEY, Superintendent; and B. AGOG, JAS. MCGUIRE, A. BURKARD, JAS. MORTON, A. KIMBALL, P. PARISH, Aldermen.

LETTER FROM THE UTAH ARMY.—We have been favored with the following extract of a letter from an officer of the army, dated Camp, near Echo Canon, 65 miles N. E. of Great Salt Lake City, Feb. 7, 1858. The writer says:

"Our little army of 1700 rank and file are now at this point. It consists of the 10th and 5th regiments of infantry, only partly filed; Phelps Light Battery of 8 guns, 12 pounders, several mortars and howitzers for throwing shells, and the 2nd regiment of dragoons.

"General Cumming and all the civil staff of Judges, &c., &c., are also here, all blockaded by snow and ice. We expect to move by the 10th of March. Our advices are that Brigham Young is strongly fortified with 8000 troops, and that we shall meet a warm reception. Our little band are, however, exceedingly anxious for the contest. That the Mormons will fight, and fight hard, too, there is not the slightest doubt. But our siege battery, flying artillery, well drilled dragoons, heavy infantry, brave men with light hearts, and last though not least, our love for pretty women, and the prospect of bringing them back to the path of rectitude and virtue, will overcome all difficulties, make our entrance to the city sure, and teach Brigham Young, Heber C. Kimball, Orson Pratt, and their followers, a lesson they will not soon forget. Write to me at Great Salt Lake City, and I shall be sure to get the letters."—*Boston Traveller.*

Sad Calamity in Jefferson Co.—Burning of a Whole Family—Heroic Conduct of a Tailor's Wife.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., April 5, 1858.

The inhabitants of this place have had two rather exciting topics on their tongues for the past few hours, the first relating to a shocking affair in the adjoining town of Leroy, the second affair not so shocking in our own neighborhood. The first is, as I learn by actual personal investigation, somewhat thus: A farmer named Daniel Comstock has been living with his four little daughters, Mary, Maria, Colona and Cora, alone in his house, which is located fourteen or fifteen miles from here, on what is known as the Philadelphia Road. His wife had been absent some two months in Auburn, under medical treatment. Last (Sunday) night, about 9 o'clock, it was discovered that the residence of Mr. Comstock was in flames, and before assistance could be rendered, it was burned to the ground, together with its five inmates! It would seem from the position of affairs as I found them today, on the ground, that Mr. C. and his four daughters (the oldest of whom was only ten years,) were all sleep together in one bedroom in a corner of the house.

The first indication they had of the fire was, probably, not until the building was full of flames, for it is apparent the fire "took" from a keg of ashes in the wood house, which is some distance from the bedroom in question and, in burning its way to the bedroom, it must have enveloped everything in flames. Rushing in the darkness forth from the bedroom, the frantic children flew in different directions, blinded by the smoke and flames, while the unnatural father, who loved his money more than his offspring, ran up stairs to get his box of valuables, while he might have easily opened the bedroom window at the outset, and placed himself and children beyond danger—for the bedroom was on the ground floor. But, alas for human frailty!—his miserly habits ruled him, and his blackened bones and ashes were found, after the fire, lying across the box in the cellar where he had fallen.

As if this affair were not sufficiently shocking in itself, we are compelled to turn to the poor wife, who, away in Auburn, is contemplating the happiness of her little ones, and the prospect of a speedy reunion with them. Before I left that vicinity, to return to Watertown, to-night, a letter was placed in my hands, which had just been received from the poor woman, addressed to her husband, and dated at Auburn, last Friday. I extract for you these portions:

MY DEAR ONES AT HOME: You will all be surprised, and I trust, like me, you will be joyfully surprised, when I tell you that I am coming home next week. * * * I should have started this morning, if I had an answer to the letter that I sent you on Tuesday last. I feel as if I cannot possibly wait till it comes. * * *

I am not strong enough to endure much, though I am gaining. I am very much excited with the prospect of igetting home; hope I shall get calm before I start. I think I see you all looking very happy, my dear children, when pa reads this to you. Be good children, and I hope before another Friday noon to be with you. Your affectionate mother, A. M. C.

Alas! alas! for this poor woman, when she learns the fate of her "dear children," and realizes that after all she is alone in the world!—May God pity and strengthen her.

The second topic of which I spoke is more agreable to dwell upon. Early on Sunday morning, three prisoners named Wilson Eddy, Miesle and Ward, by feigning the sickness of one of their number, got the jailor at this place, Mr. Baker in their power, gagged and bound him, and locked him in a cell. This done, they robbed him of his money and the keys of the prison, and were calmly taking their leave when they were "brought all up standing" by beholding the jailor's little wife pointing at them through a rifling a loaded revolver, and calmly informing them that she would put a bullet through the first man who attempted to come forward. A conversation something like this followed:

Prisoner—The devil you will! You don't know how to shoot it!

Mrs. Baker—Try it and see if you like it! I have been practicing with this pistol for the past few days, and I promise you I will kill the first man who comes forward.

Prisoner—Well, if that's your game, we'll be quits with you. Now, take your choice, young woman—either let us pass out in peace, or submit to have your husband's brains knocked out against the walls of the jail. Which do you like best? Perhaps that won't be gay, nor nothing, just to see him laying out there cold and still, with his brains laying around. Ha? ha!—d—d pretty picture, ain't it? D—d pretty wife you are, ain't ye, to get your husband killed. Come, now what d'ye say? Let us out and it'll be all right—wont ye? [And the speaker moved forward a step.]

Mrs. Baker—*At the first man who steps over that sill dies!*

And there that brave woman held those men at bay for something like half an hour until help came, and they were driven into their cells.

The Rise and Fall of the Lake Level.

The mysterious rise and fall of the level of the great Lakes has provoked the curiousity and occupied the attention of scientific men for many years. Among others Colonel Charles Whittlesey, of this city, has devoted much time and study to the elucidation of the subject, and from a pamphlet by him lying before us, we condense a few of the facts he has noted.

From constant and simultaneous observations by himself and others of the stage of water daily during a series of years, Colonel Whittlesey concludes that there are three kinds of fluctuations existing, which are due to distinct causes—the first being a general rise and fall extending through long periods of time, but without any regularity in the period; the second and annual rise and fall that occurs regularly within the period of each year, without reference to the general stage of water; and the third being a local, fitful, irregular oscillation, of a few inches to a few feet, not to be predicted; its period of oscillation being from three to five minutes, and which continues from one to twenty four hours.

The first mentioned kind of fluctuation is undoubtedly caused by the differences of the seasons acting through a long period over a large area. In short rivers, the effect of heavy rains is soon perceptible; in long streams like the Mississippi it is months before the inhabitants of the lower portion of the river perceive the rise of the water; in so long a line of rivers and large lakes as that from the head waters of Lake Superior to the mouth of the St. Lawrence, it would take years before the effects of a wet or a dry season could be perceptible. The greatest range of this kind of fluctuation between the most extreme high and low stage, determined by the yearly mean, is for Lake Erie, 4 feet 5 inches, and by the monthly mean is six feet. The extreme temporary difference from the highest known stage, June 25th, 1838, to the lowest known stage in February, 1819 is about seven feet.

From the registers in the possession of Col. Whittlesey, it appears that the popular belief of a seven years' rise and fall of level is erroneous. From 1795 to 1851 the fluctuations have been in periods ranging from three to nineteen years, but never once in a period of seven years.

With reference to the annual fluctuations, the time of high and low water varies in the different lakes. In Lake Erie, June is the high water month, almost without exception, and the months of February and March the low ones. This is accounted for by the feeding rivers discharging less in winter than in spring. With regard to the third, and as yet unaccounted for, fluctuation, Col. Whittlesey has only been enabled to give the result of long and careful observations. He rejects the "barometric" theory which imputes the oscillations to the changes in the atmospheric pressure, and is inclined to look for electro-magnetic causes. In the course of several years' observations no wave was seen over two feet in height in stormy weather, and in calm weather one, to one and one-half feet. Among several hundred observations upon the time of the oscillation, the period of a complete movement from one reflux to another was in average four and one half minutes. The vertical range of the wave in the Lake was about four inches. It always comes in from the open sea in a line parallel with the shore. The pulsations are less regular in stormy and windy weather than when it is still, but they occur in all states of the atmosphere, and never advance other than parallel to the coast line, whatever be the direction of the wind. These oscillations have been observed in all the greater and less North American Lakes, and it is probable that observations on the sea coast would detect them there also. They are more frequent and prominent on the waters of Lake Superior than elsewhere. Colonel Whittlesey closes his paper by saying:

If there is a cosmic wave in the atmosphere corresponding to that in the water, it should, as it seems to me, be due to agencies that are seated on the land. In cloudy, and especially in foggy weather, the movements are most striking. The mountain ranges that approach the coast no doubt affect the electrical condition of the atmosphere. They condense its vapor, especially when winds sweep over their summits. The increase or diminution of vapor changes the quantity and the force of the electrical fluid. The presence or absence of the sun, which depends upon the degrees of cloudiness, produces the same effect. We observe every day that storms arise in this way, particularly in the afternoon of hot days; the atmosphere is agitated, lightning is produced, and rains fall. I think it not unphilosophical, therefore, to look in that direction for a solution of this question. To surmise that a vibratory motion is thus given to the water, or, more probably, to the atmosphere that rests upon the water and communicates with it, which movement is always to and from the general trend of the coast. This over local and limited spaces, would not be appreciable to the barometer, being rather an agitation within the atmospheric column than a change in its total weight. —*Cleveland Herald.*

The Death Bed of Benton.

WASHINGTON, April 6, 1858.

Colonel Benton is dying. His disease, cancer of the bowels, has made such progress that he cannot survive much longer. He suffers extreme pain, and is exhausted to almost the last degree of physical prostration. But his mind is as clear and as powerful as ever, and the high, resolute, Roman spirit of the old statesman struggles with indomitable energy and fortitude against sickness and weakness and the awful presence of the King of Terrors. He dies in harness, working to the last for his country and mankind. An old and intimate friend from Missouri called upon him this morning. Benton was in bed, scarcely able to move hand or foot, and not able to speak much above a whisper. But he was hard at work, closing up his Abridgement of the Debates of Congress, which he has brought down to 1850 to the passage of the Missouri Compromise measures. He was dictating the closing chapter of the work. His daughter, Mrs. Jones, sitting beside the bed, received it, sentence by sentence, whispered in her ear, and repeated it aloud to her husband, who wrote it down. It was then read over to Col. Benton, and received his corrections, made with as much anxious particularity as if it were the maiden work of a young author.

Resting a few moments from his task, Colonel Benton entered into conversation with his Missouri friend. He told him that in reviewing the events of 1850 he was glad to find that the animosities of the past had died out in his heart, and he was not only ready but eager to do justice to his former rival stand opponents. He spoke with much feeling of Mr. Clay, to whose merits and services he had awarded the highest praise in what he was writing about the Compromise period of 1850. He dwelt particularly on the service, the great service, Mr. Clay had rendered to the Republic at that time by building and putting down the traitorous Secessionists of the South, who were "seeking to destroy the Union and plunge the country into civil war for their own selfish and ambitious purposes.

The inspiration of this theme fired the languid blood and reanimated for a moment the failing frame of the dying patriot. In energetic whispers, he told his visitor that the same men who had sought to destroy the Republic in 1850 were at the bottom of this accursed Lecompton business. Among the greatest of his consolations in dying was the conscientiousness that the House of Representatives had baffled these treasonable schemers, and put the heels of the people on the neck of the traitors. "Few events in our history had given him so much satisfaction as the defeat of Lecompton." He warmly praised the intrepid and incorruptible Douglas Democrats who had resisted the power and the wiles of a corrupt and deluded Administration.

In taking leave of his friend, Col. Benton said that, although there was much in his life that he regretted, he could honestly feel proud on his death bed of his devotion to his country, in whose service he had never been faithless or negligent.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

A Pencil Sketch of a Great Preacher.

The New York correspondent of the Boston *Journal* describes the manner and effect of Mr. Beecher's sermonizing, and some of the everyday habits of that distinguished preacher:

Henry Ward Beecher preaches to his church on each Wednesday night. The house is crowded, large as it is. I have written about nearly every public man in New York for the *Journal* except Mr. Beecher. I feel just now like penning a paragraph on his own account. Mr. Beecher is a peculiar man. Liked or disliked, he is the most popular in the State who occupies a pulpit. He has marked talent. He is bold, energetic, enthusastic. His sermons are all marked ones. He has the same aim that professes to guide all that preach. He is not at all particular how he hits the mark, provided the blow finds its way home. Some parts of his sermon, if delivered by any one but himself, would be found tame. But the audience don't get away without some touch of his quality. Now a broad smile, like a flash of sunshine, glows on each face—now something like unto a loud laugh shakes the vast auditory like the winds of autumn among the dry leaves—then a hit like a thunderbolt makes the conscience quiver, like a ship struck with lightning—then an illustration holds the people in suspense, as the beauty, the fervor, the aptness of the simile become apparent—then a touch of pathos melts all to tears—and an appeal comes home for the sinner to turn to God and live, that at times is irresistible.

The manner of Mr. Beecher is the manner of the Short Boys. Tweak this in no offensive sense. He looks like a pugilist. He sees his antagonist—he measures him—he has no idea of being floored. He stands squarely—he hits cautiously, but squarely and boldly—till the hot contest comes on, and then all is fight. And as the audience sympathizes with the speaker, the time passes—an hour, an hour and a half, and three quarters—for Mr. Beecher holds out often as long as this—and no one is weary. The plan of the sermon is after the order of Henry Ward Beecher. He is his own model. Like Napoleon, when the Emperor of Austria called him an upstart because he did not fight according to rule, he points to the results of his ministry. They furnish no mean testimony to the wisdom of his course.

Probably the best things that Mr. Beecher says are written—often they are read from the manuscripts; then he repeats them when he pleases, and as often as he pleases—the next time with extemporaneous invective or assault, and their power is heard and felt. Mr. B. studies in the streets and by the way. His new machine is invented and on exhibition, you will find him present. If a trial trip is to be made, you may not only look for Mr. Beecher, but you will find him down among the machinery, and he will know all that is worth knowing before he leaves. On the next Sunday the people will know all about it and its religious uses. The next literary address will be rich in illustrations, drawn from that sail down the bay; and when the merchants assemble on a festive occasion, and Mr. Beecher speaks, he will electrify them by figures drawn from their own business and calling, and they will be delighted and surprised that a person can know so much of the world, and this will be given with a sonorous voice, a clear enunciation, a vehement delivery, in which the sweat will stand on the brow, the face be red with excertion and excitement, and the whole man carried away with the earnestness and sincerity of the commission he bears to the sons of men. Such a man must succeed.

"ANOTHER VETERAN GONE."—An old African negro named Cæsar, fell into the river on a day or two since and was drowned. Cæsar was a relic of by gone days. He belonged to nobody in particular, and went pretty much where he pleased. He is said to have been at least *one hundred and twenty years old!* Mr. Onesphore Bernard, Sr., one of our oldest citizens, and who is fully reliable—himself some 70 years of age—says he remembers when a boy, that Cæsar was too old and infirm then to perform plantation labor. Cæsar was, without doubt, our oldest inhabitant. —*West Baton Rouge Sugar Planter.*

BELGIUM EMIGRATION.—We are informed that letters have been received from New York, stating that 500 Belgians had just landed at that port, all of whom are destined to Green Bay. Other parties, we hear, will soon follow—*Green Bay Advocate.*

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A farmer, named Christian Lory, residing in Hellenville, some six miles east of this village, while in the act of placing a beam of timber across the frame of a new barn he had been raising, from some cause or other, lost his balance, and fell to the ground, some considerable distance, upon his head, which resulted in death, after seven hours painful suffering. He leave a wife and two children to lament his untimely end.—*Jeffersonian.*

LYNCH LAW.—Robert J. Griffin, who was lately arrested at Paris, Ky., and confined in the Bourbon County jail, awaits trial on a charge of having been engaged in setting fire to barns in that vicinity, was taken out of jail at two o'clock on Monday morning of last week, by a mob, and hung by the neck until he was dead.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.—We have never known any other medicine to win as large a share of public confidence in so short a time as this has done. It has not been more than a year since we first heard of it, and it now stands at the head of all remedies of the kind. We have never used it ourselves, having had no occasion, as our "crown of glory" not only as yet retains its original color, but seems more luxuriant of late. Several friends have, and we have never known it to fail in restoring the hair to its original color. We advise such as are becoming prematurely gray to give the "Restorative" a trial.—*Chester (Ill.) Herald.*

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But one solution to the mysterious effects performed by Electric Oil, that Lor any other Physiologist can thus far discover, and that is its probable incorporation with the Electric or Nervous Fluid of the human body. This is more obvious from the sudden change in the nerves of sensation, (those little monitors of suffering,) noticed by all who use my genuine Electric Oil, from 39 South Eighth street, near Chestnut. It is a most important discovery, as the people will soon know, from actual experience. It relieves suffering as does no other known combination, and that suddenly. Price 50c and $1. None solds by Pedlars.

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THREE VERY RESPECTABLE WATER WHEEL yet introduced into Wisconsin, is the Rollin Patent. A descriptive Circular forwarded upon application to TURTON & SERGOOMB
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PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
VESSELS AND TUGS!
BY THE RECEIVERS OF THE
LAKE NAVIGATION COMPANY.
L. K. PLIMPTON, AUCTIONEER

THE UNDERSIGNED, Receivers of the Lake Navigation Company, will offer at PUBLIC AUCTION the property hereinafter described, (or such parts thereof as shall not be previously sold at private sale,) on

Tuesday, the 13th day of April next,

At 11 o'clock A. M., in the Rotunda of the Merchant's Exchange, viz:

Name of Vessel.	*Tonnage.*	*Capacity of Bushels.*
Schooner Atlantic	412 85 95	18,500
" Arcturus	412 46 95	18,000
" Antares	176 38 95	8,000
" A. T. Rich	344 74 95	16,000
" Bay State	340 40 95	15,800
Brig Canopus	386 98 95	17,600
Schooner Clifton	185 10 95	7,800
" Collingwood	379 99 95	16,500
" Comet	359 85 95	17,000
" Comet	478 18 95	20,500
" Corinthian	268 68 95	10,500
" Correspondent	396 43 95	14,000
" C. N. Johnson	368 68 95	17,500
" Circassian	386 20 95	16,500
" Dardanelles	368 68 95	14,500
" Dauntless	340 74 95	12,500
" Die Vernon	414 4 95	18,000
Brig Empire State	398 67 95	17,000
Schooner Enterprise	296	14,300
" Elias Jones	369 66 95	16,500
" Fox	405 9 95	16,000
Barque Grace Greenwood	377 49 95	19,000
" Great West	765 58 95	19,000
Schooner Gamo Cock	356 74 95	15,500
" Golden Harvest	376 17 95	15,500
" G. Worthington	364 84 95	14,500
" Grey Eagle	380 91 95	17,000
Brig " Grey Hound	264	16,000
" Globe	270 77 95	14,500
Schooner Hurricane	331 67 95	14,500
" Hiawatha	368 83 95	16,000
" International	350	17,000
" Invincible	437 80 95	19,500
" Imperial	431 80 95	19,500
Barque John Sweeney	405 00 95	18,000
Schooner Kate L. Bruce	353 59 95	15,000
" Mechanic	312 98 95	15,000
Schooner Millard Fillmore	356 04 95	17,200
" Minnie Kinne	310 53 95	13,500
" Messenger	353 93 95	17,000
" N. M. Standart	420 47 95	17,500
Schooner Nightingale	428 95 95	18,000
" Oarfish	369	16,500
" Osprey	367 64 95	19,000
" Petrel	298 71 95	10,000
" Perseverance	294	14,200
" Racer	374 48 95	17,500
" Richard Mott	364 94 95	17,000
" Rival	408 40 95	18,000
" Resolute	255 11 95	19,500
" Rocket	478 88 95	20,000
" Storrs King	367 97 95	17,500
" San Jacinto	374 43 95	17,650
" Sophia Smith	357 89 95	16,500
" Sea Bird	381 78 95	17,000
" Three Sails	305 49 95	12,500
Brig Wm. Treat	545 94 95	23,000
Schooner Wm. Fisk	401 17 95	19,000
" Well Wind	332 53 95	13,000
" Wings of the Wind	370	16,000
" W. B. Hibbard	294 15 95	14,000
Steam Tug Leviathan	316 64 95	
" Rescue	235 29 95	
" Lion	150 14 95	
" Dart	96 47 95	
" Dime	47 60 95	

Also, all the Miscellaneous Property of the Company, consisting of Anchors, Chains, Sails, Rigging, Spars, Timber, &c., &c.

All of the above named vessels are in the port of Buffalo, except the schooners Do Vernon, Racer, Altair, Richard Mott, the brig N. M. Standart, and the tug Dime, which are in the port of Chicago; and the schooner Minnie Kinne, in the port of Milwaukee, and the schooners Game Cock and Enterprise, and the Steam Tugs Leviathan, Rescue, Lion and Dart, in the port of Detroit, and the schooner West Wind in the port of Oswego.

The Terms of Sale will be as follows: Twenty-five per cent. cash down, five per cent. of which to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance on delivery of the deed of conveyance. For twelve and one half per cent. of the down payment, as above stated, satisfactory endorsed paper, payable with interest in 60 days at some bank in Buffalo, will be taken instead of cash. The one-half of the balance of the purchase money to be paid with interest in four equal payments, on the 1st of July, 1st of September, 15th of October, and on the 1st of December next. The other half, with interest, to be paid in four equal payments, on the 1st of June, 1st of August, 1st of October, and 1st of December, in the year 1859. All of which sums must be secured by notes and mortgages on the property sold, with insurance policies on the same, in Companies satisfactory to the Receivers, and to an amount equal to the balance of the purchase money remaining unpaid.

The Stock of the Company will be received on the following terms:

Twenty-five or any less per cent. of the amount of each sale of the Capital Stock of said Company will be received as additional collateral security, at the rate of 95 per cent. on the original stock, and the per centage so secured and vesting in the Receivers on the 1st day of the present month, will be given on the amount—which per centage may apply and be substituted as the first cash payment for an amount all over and above twelve and one half per cent.

The indebtedness of the Company will also be received as additional collateral security at par, for any amount of the purchase money at the time of the sale, after first receiving 10¾ per cent. cash, and the time of payment will be extended two years from the first day of the present month, if a sufficient amount of the indebtedness of the Company be turned out to the Receivers to cover the remaining purchase money, but if a less amount of indebtedness of the Company be turned out as collateral security, then the time will be extended only, on such indebtedness, in the proportion which the same bears to the several installments falling due in 1858 and 1859, and be payable *pro rata* at the same.

All valid admiralty claims, and other valid liens on the property will be received as cash, on the first or any subsequent payments.

The form of the bill of sale and mortgage, inventory of property, and all other information in possession of the Receivers, will be furnished at their office in Buffalo, at any time previous to the day of sale.

Dated Buffalo, March 20, 1858.

STEPHEN V. R. WATSON,
RODRIGER G. SPAULDING,
GIBSON T. WILLIAMS,
Receivers of the Lake Navigation Company.
apr8g222d7i

ONE DOLLAR
WILL BUY
ONE OF THE BEST PURGATIVE
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DR. SANFORD'S INVIGORATOR, or DIVER REMEDY
that acts as a *Cathartic*, *emetic*, and *liver* and more effectual in any other medicine known. It is not only a Cathartic, but a Liver remedy, acting first on the liver to eject the morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off the matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most Cathartics. It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it, and when taken in moderate doses will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

DR. SANFORD'S INVIGORATOR is compounded entirely from new articles of medicine, viz: Gums.

Some idea of the strength of these gums may be formed when it is known that one bottle of the Invigorator contains as much strength as one hundred doses of Calomel without any of its deleterious effects.

Though possessing rare medicinal powers, these Gums have been but little known to physicians, and never used in their preparation before, but in the form of the *Invigorator*, which met with such unprecedented success as to induce the proprietor to search for new gums which could be used in the same manner, for the benefit of the afflicted.

INDIGESTION being caused by a deranged Liver is cured when the Liver is regulated to action.

JAUNDICE is caused by the improper action of the Liver, and as a proof that the Invigorator relieves this disease, let any one troubled with Jaundice take the Invigorator regularly one week, and their skin will begin to assume its original color.

COSTIVENESS can be permanently cured by the Invigorator. Take no more cathartic pills, but use the Invigorator, and it will assist nature in her operations. By gradually diminishing the dose, the bowels are left in a healthy and active state, and work as regularly as clock work.

SICK HEADACHE is very soon relieved by taking a double dose of the Invigorator, which corrects all acidity and sourness of the stomach.

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All orders, or Warrants left at my office will meet with prompt attention. J. H. CRAMPTON, Land Agent

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WE HAVE a choice article of Pattern Paper suitable for Tailors, Mantua Makers and others. Also, green and other colored window papers.
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To Printers.

WE have just received a large supply of Cards, Card Boards, Plain Cap, Letter and Note Papers, Fancy Note Papers, Flat papers, as Cap, Post, Demy, Medium, Check Post, etc., which we offer at New York prices.
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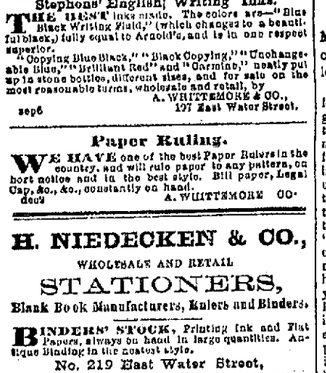

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THE UNDER SIGNED, having bought the Beer Hall of Messrs. Weber & Kunze, on Clinton st., Fifth Ward, will open it on

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I HAVE just received as choice a lot of green apples, of the ORDINARY VARIETIES, as has ever been offered in this market, which I have superintended the packing, and my experience in the fruit business gives me advantage over others, and I can supply those wanting a good article of fruit on advantageous terms, at No. 291 Main street, Milwaukee.
nov19 d168 I. G. GOODRICH.

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Cash, Invariably in Advance.

DAILY, delivered in City, per annum $7,00
" " " six months 4,00
" " " three months 2,00
" " " per week 15
Papers to the Trade, per hundred 2,00
Payable to L. Boovill, City Circulator.

DAILY, by mail, per annum 7,00
" six months 4,00
" three months 2,00

TRI-WEEKLY, per annum 4,00
" six months 2,00
" three months 1,00

WEEKLY, per annum 1,50
" six months 1,00
" three months 50

CLUB RATES FOR THE WEEKLY.

To clubs of four (to one address) per annum 5,00
" " five " " " 6,00
" " ten " " " 10,00
Address, JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers Daily Sentinel, Milwaukee Wis.

THE DOOMED MAN.

The following lines were written twelve years ago by Rev. S. Addison Alexander, D. D., Professor in the Theological Seminary at Princeton, N. J., and have been published but once before. Now, while the religious interest is so broad and deep in our country, they are exceedingly appropriate, and ought to be widely circulated:

There is a time, we know not when—
A point, we know not where,
That marks the destiny of men
To glory or despair.

There is a line, by us unseen,
Which crosses every path,
The hidden boundary between
God's patience and his wrath.

To pass that limit is to die;
To die as if by stealth—
It does not quench the beaming eye,
Or pale the glow of health.

The conscience may be still at ease,
The spirits light and gay;
That which is pleasing still may please,
And care be thrust away.

But on that forehead God has set
Indelibly, a mark;
Unseen by man, for man as yet,
Is blind, and in the dark.

And yet the doomed man's course below,
Like Eden may have bloomed;
He did, does not, will not know
Or feel that he is doomed.

He feels—he knows that all is well,
And every fear is stilled;
He lives—he dies—he wakes in Hell.
Not only doomed—but damned.

O, where is this mysterious bourne
By which our paths are crossed,
Beyond which, God himself hath sworn
That he who goes is lost.

How far may we go on in sin?
How long will God forbear?
We are dead! Hope and send whom begin
The countless cry of Despair?

An answer from the skies is sent,
"Ye that live! God repents,
While it is called 'to-day' repent,
And harden not your hearts."

JUDGE DOOLY AND THE LANDLORD.—Harper's Magazine has a correspondent in Georgia who overflows in good things. He gets of the following good anecdote:

Judge Dooly, an eminent jurist in Georgia, forty years ago, was a great wag as well as a great Judge—witty as well as wise. His gravity gave effect even to his jokes, and these were more frequent than his decisions. One of his fancies were to "take people down" who were in the habit of exaggeration. The way he used up Aus'n Edwards, keeper of the hotel at Elberton, is a caution to all story tellers of whom Austin was the prince. He always told the whole truth, and more. "It was immaterial," he said, "he liked uncommon things better than common ones—knew a heap more amusin' anyhow." One morning at breakfast, this long bow landlord had been reeling one of his extraordinary yarns, and Judge Dooly being at the hotel, and listening to the story, sat in solemn silence until it was over, and then remarked that he had an awful dream in the night and was very much depressed this morning. The landlord was awake in a moment, and begged the Judge, if it would be no violence to his feelings, to relate the dream, as all would like to hear it. The Judge still declined, as it might hurt the feelings of others.

"Oh, do tell it, Judge—we must have it," urged the landlord, and the company joining in, the Judge proceeded as if he were about to sentence a criminal to be hung:

"Well, I dreamed last night two lawyers and myself had retired to a private room to divide among us a fee received from a hard case, which had been carried through with a mighty deal of lying on all hands. While we were settling the division, in steps the devil, who, without any formalities, said he had come for us—we had told him enough, and if he left us any longer we might repent, and so he'd lose us. We did our best to persuade him to let us off, but he was inexorable, till at last I ventured to ask if he would take a substitute.

"'Whom do you offer?' he asked.

"'Austin Edwards,' I said, 'keeper of the Elberton Hotel.'

"'Good! he'll do,' said he, 'send him down.—I'll take *him* for all three of you!'"

The table was in a roar, and the landlord was cured for a time at least, of his habits of overdrawing. He passed away years since, and Judge Dooly is gone, too, so there is no harm done in telling the story.

A MARRYING MAN.—The police of the city of Philadelphia have been for some time on the look-out for an individual who has succeeded in robbing several females of their means and peace of mind, by most shameful deceptions. On Monday, officers Callihan and Carson arrested the scamp in Dock street. He is charged with having married a number of females, and after having securing their property, leaving them.—Mrs. Prudence R. Wilson, of Manayunk, charges the accused with having married her under pretence of being engaged in business, and after securing all her property, left her. He is charged with having, under the name of Boynton, married a lady of Trenton, whom he left after obtaining possession of $800 belonging to her. He is also charged with having married a lady in the lower part of the city, giving the name of Smith. From her he stole $251 and a gold watch, and then decamped. At West Chester it is alleged that he married a lady, whom he soon afterwards left. He paid attention to a lady named Carrigan, in the eighteenth ward, Philadelphia, and made a pretence of wanting to marry her, but by some means she escaped his toils. It is believed that the accused has wives all over the country, and those who have been duped by him should come forward and testify. The accused is from New England, and is about forty-five years of age. He is a large man, weighing about 260 pounds, has black hair and whiskers, and a florid complexion. The fore finger of his left hand has been cut close off.—*Pennsylvanian.*

FIDELITY.—Never forsake a friend. When enemies gather around—when sickness falls on the heart—when the world is dark and cheerless—then is the time to try true friendship. They who turn from the scene of distress betray their hypocrisy, and prove that interest moves them. If you have a friend who loves you and studies your interest and happiness, be sure to sustain him in adversity. Let him feel that his former kindness is appreciated, and his love not thrown away. Real fidelity may be rare, but it exists in the heart. Who has not seen and felt its power? They only deny its worth and power who never have loved a friend, or labored to make a friend happy.

☞ Yesterday, as a stranger from Boston was passing through the State House yard, he was accosted by an Irishman with, "An' where, please yer honor, is the voting place?" "I do not know," was the reply, "I am a stranger here." "And faix, so am I."—*Hartford Courant.*

AGENTS WANTED.

THE GREAT GIFT SALE of Gold Pencils, by A. H. Wilford & Co., Washington City, D. C., offers a excellent chance to Agents to make a few dollars. Little or no capital is required in the business, and selling beautiful solid Gold Pencils for $5 each, (the actual retail price,) and giving each purchaser a gift, worth from two dollars up to two hundred dollars. Each purchaser of $5 is sure of a $2 gift at least, and may be worth $5, $10, $15, $20, $30, $50, $75, $100, or $200. The prizes are distributed to purchasers by a simple plan of drawing, and as soon as the name of a purchaser is received with the $5, his Pencil and Gift are put in a small box, in a safe manner, and sent to the owner by mail, post paid. Our plan gives perfect satisfaction, as each purchaser can sell or trade his Pencil for the gift drawn by him, and retain the gift *gratis.*

We want a good agent in every part of the country, to solicit purchasers, and a good agent, to be successful, should first draw for a prize

VOLUME XV. MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL, TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 13, 1858 NEW SERIES.

RAILROADS.

MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD!

1857-8 1857-8

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT!

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 19, 1858, and until further notice, Passenger Trains will run as follows, DAILY [Except Sundays.]

GOING WEST:

LEAVE MILWAUKEE AT—
11:30 A. M.—Mail and Day Express.
4:15 P. M.—Night Express.
LEAVE WHITEWATER AT—
2:12 P. M. and 7:30 P. M.
LEAVE MADISON AT—
4:35 P. M. and 7:35 P. M.—arrive at Prairie du Chien 9:20 P. M.

GOING EAST:

Leave Prairie du Chien at 8:30 A. M. and 5:35 P. M.
" Madison at 1:14 A. M. & 10:25 P. M.
" Janesville at 2:35 P. M. 4:30 "
" Whitewater 3:53 " 5:43 "
Arrive at Milwaukee 6:40 " 8:30 P. M.

The 11:30 A. M. Train from Milwaukee carries the GREAT NORTH-WESTERN U. S. MAIL and connects at Prairie du Chien with DAILY LINE OF STEAMERS For St. Paul and intermediate ports.

apl4 WM. JARVIS, Superintendent.

LA CROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD.

GREAT WINTER ROUTE!
— TO —
LA CROSSE AND ST. PAUL.

Money, Distance, and Twenty-Four Hours Time Saved over any other Route.

PASSENGER TRAINS will run, until further notice, between Milwaukee, Hartford, Horicon, Junction House, Beaver Dam, Portage City, Kilbourn City, Mauston, Lisbon and intermediate Stations.

Leaving Milwaukee from Depot, foot of Obestuut St. 1,45 P. M., arriving at Lisbon at 9,52 P. M.

Leaving Lisbon at 4,47 A. M., arriving at Milwaukee at 12,35 P. M.; connecting at Milwaukee with train upon Chicago & Milwaukee R. R. for Chicago and all eastern and southern cities.

Passengers by this route to La Crosse and all points on the Mississippi River North, save 20 miles in distance and 50 hours time, and those for St. Paul, by taking the Stage Route from Lisbon by Tomah, Black River Falls, Eau Claire, Menominee, Prescott and Hudson, save 125 miles in distance and 40 hours time, over any other Route traveled.

EDWIN H. GOODRICH, Manager.
Milwaukee, Jan. 1858. jan27

RACINE & MISSISSIPPI R. R.

OPEN TO DURAND!

ON and after Monday, Jan. 11th, 1858, trains will run as follows:

GOING WEST.

Leave Racine—Freight and Accommodation 8:15 A. M.
" —Passenger 4:00 P. M.

GOING EAST.

Leave Beloit—Passenger train, 6:00 A. M.
Leave Rockford—Freight and Acc., 7:45 A. M.

6 A. M. Train from Beloit connects at Racine with morning train on Lake Shore R. R. for Milwaukee and Chicago; and at Clinton with the morning trains on the Chicago, St. Paul and Fond du Lac Railroad.

4:00 P. M. Train from Racine takes passengers from Milwaukee by the afternoon train on the Lake Shore R. R., and at Clinton passengers from Chicago by the afternoon train on the Chicago, St. Paul and Fond du Lac Railroad.

STAGES

Connect at Durand for Freeport; at Burlington, for Rochester and Waterford; at Springfield for Geneva.

Freight forward with despatch.

ROBERT HARRIS, Superintendent.
Racine, Jan. 9th, 1858. jan19

1857. Winter Arrangement. 1858.

VIA. MICHIGAN CENTRAL AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

TRAINS LEAVE Michigan Central Depot, Chicago:

6.00 A. M.—NEW YORK EXPRESS. Arrive at Detroit 7.20 P. M.; Suspension Bridge or Buffalo 5.40 A. M.; Albany 5.30 P. M.; and New York 12 at night; Philadelphia 11.45 P. M.

7.45 A. M.—CINCINNATI EXPRESS. Arrive at Cincinnati at 12 at night.

8.45 P. M.—NEW YORK AND BOSTON EXPRESS. Arrive at Detroit 10.15 A. M.; Suspension Bridge or Buffalo 10.30 P. M.; New York 6.40 P. M.; Boston 10 at night.

9.45 P. M.—CINCINNATI EXPRESS. Arrive at Cincinnati 1 P. M.; Louisville 4 P. M.

Only one train on Sunday at 8.45 P. M.

6 A. M. and 9.45 P. M. trains connect at Paris with the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway, for Buffalo and all points East; at Toronto with Grand Trunk Railway, to Kingston, Ogdensburgh, Montreal, Quebec, and all points to Canada East, Northern Vermont, New Hampshire and Boston.

Baggage checked through.

Through tickets for sale at the principal Railroad offices in the West, at the Company's office, corner Lake & Dearborn streets, opposite the Tremont House, Chicago, and at the Depot, foot of Lake street.

H. N. RICE, Supt.
H. J. SPALDING, Gen. Pass. Agent. dec24

1857. 1858.

BUFFALO & LAKE HURON R. R.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO

Merchants, Forwarders, Steamboat Owners, etc.

BUFFALO to SAGINAW, 14 HOURS.
" " SAULT ST. MARIE, 22 "
" " GREEN BAY, 36 "
" " MILWAUKEE, 40 "

ALL THIS WILL BE DONE NEXT SUMMER

THE BUFFALO & LAKE HURON RAILWAY will be open from Buffalo to Goderich Harbor, on Lake Huron, about Christmas next.

The merchants of Milwaukee and points North-West, Freight Agents and owners of Steamboats, are requested to make preparations for this new cheap and direct route.

Between the Northwest and Buffalo.

☞ Communications may be addressed to G. T. Nailor, Esq., Western Agent, Detroit, Mich., or to the undersigned. H. H. BARLOW,

Managing Director Buffalo & Lake Huron Railway Brantford Canada.
aug24 1858 daly

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD.

THROUGH New and Direct Route now open to New York, Boston, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington City, Cleveland, Dunkirk, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and all Eastern Cities, Cincinnati, Columbus, Dayton, Springfield, Urbana, Zanesville, Steubenville, Newark and Wheeling, and all large towns of Ohio, Pennsylvania, Virginia, Maryland, New Jersey, &c., making one grand unbroken Rail Road line between CHICAGO AND THE EAST.

FARE AS LOW AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

☞ Passengers wishing to go by the desirable and pleasant Route, should be particular and ask for Through Tickets via Fort Wayne, and thus avoid the annoyance of re-checking baggage as by other Routes.

Transient Depot on VAN BUREN ST., daily as follows:

6:00 A. M. 8.45 P. M.

With but one change of cars to Pittsburgh.

CHECKING BAGGAGE THROUGH.

To Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New York, Connecting directly with trains on the great Pennsylvania Central Railroad, to all Eastern cities. Also, with Cleveland and Columbus Railroad to Cleveland, Dunkirk, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, via New York Central and New York and Erie Railroads to New York and Boston.

Persons going East will find this route by far the most desirable both from the advantage in point of distance, variety and beauty of the country through which the roads pass, as well as the less frequent changes of cars, and the annoyance of re-checking baggage required by other routes.

Facilities for the transportation of Freight and Live Stock by this route, are unsurpassed. Rates as low as any other route, and with equal dispatch.

Tickets for sale at all the principal ticket offices at the West, and at the Company's Office, No. 80 Dearborn St., opposite the Tremont House, Chicago, and at the office of the Lake Shore Railroad, Milwaukee, by A. G. Leland.

D. J. HOUGHTON, General Freight and Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh.
D. W. ROSS, Genl Western Agent, Chicago.
JAMES W. MUSSON, Freight Agent, Chicago.
Chicago Dec. 16, 1857. mar1 1858 daly

E. M. JOSLIN'S REAL ESTATE,

Office, No. 1 Kneeland's Block.

CITY LOTS. We have sold off the balance of our original purchase on Spring street in this city, and now offer them on the same terms as heretofore, viz: *One hundred dollars per purchase money; five dollars in advance, and three dollars per month thereafter, with paid WITHOUT INTEREST.* The lots are beautifully situated on Spring street, and command a fine view of the Spring Street Bridge.

FARMERS' LOTS. We have also a very low price at which they will be sold, together with the terms, commend them to the attention of all classes who desire a home and exemption from rents. Young men, mechanics and others starting in any business of small means have now an opportunity to invest that is within their reach. We have an agent on the property every day, after 3 P. M., to show the lots.

sep2 E. M. JOSLIN, No. 1, Kneeland's Block.

City Auction Room.

GREAT and extensive sale of a stock of Fancy Goods, Yankee Notions, Perfumery, Violins, etc., etc., at the rear of the auction room, on Wednesday, April 7th. I will sell the entire stock of goods now in the store room, No. 5 Albany Buildings, Michigan street, opposite the Newhall House, by order of the owner—Sale commences at 10 o'clock A. M., and continues from day to day until all is sold. It is an entire new stock of goods, brought out from New York last Fall—and specified goods they are—but the most of the goods have been attached by the Sheriff, and will be sold now to close up the concern. The assortment of articles is very superior. This sale is worthy the attention of every village merchant, and all are invited to attend, and they will find some of the finest fancy goods, card cases, etc., etc., they have ever seen.

apr2 CALEB WALL, Auctioneer.

BURNING FLUID, at the lowest cash price, for sale by the barrel or gallon.

apr3 HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist.

RAILROADS.

MILWAUKEE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD LINE!

CHANGE OF TIME.

MONDAY, APRIL 5, 1858,

PASSENGER TRAINS going South, leave Milwaukee at 8.45 A. M., and 8.00 P. M.
PASSENGER TRAINS due at Milwaukee at 12.30 P. M. and 7.35 P. M.
FREIGHT TRAIN leaves Milwaukee at 7.30 A. M., due at 3.30 P. M.
PASSENGER TRAINS leave Chicago at 8.40 A. M., and 8.40 P. M.
FREIGHT TRAIN train leaves Chicago at 8.45 A. M.

M. L. SYKES, Sup't C. & M. R. R. Co.
JOHN T. MOODY, Agent, Milwaukee. apr5

MILWAUKEE & HORICON R. R.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Winter Arrangement!

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE MILWAUKEE

1:45 P. M., arrive at Berlin 6:02.

LEAVE BERLIN,

6:00 A. M., arrive at Milwaukee 10:35 P. M.

One Freight Train each way Daily.

Jan4 1858 JESPER VLIET, Superintendent.

CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE EXPRESS.

GREAT WESTERN EXPRESS CO.
OFFICES—8 Spring St., Milwaukee, and 27 La Salle St., Chicago.

WILL Receive and Forward Express matter between Milwaukee, Racine, Kenosha, Waukegan and Chicago.

Particular attention paid to filling Orders and making Purchases of goods, and will advance the Purchase Money.

J. HOLTON, Agent.
A. TEMPLETON, Superintendent.
e299 dly mar12.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

NOTICE.

Steamship Vanderbilt for Europe.

A LIMITED NUMBER of Third Class Passengers will be taken, and found in cooked provisions by the magnificent Steamship Vanderbilt, sailing for Southampton and Havre on April 10, May 22, July 3, &c. Passengers forwarded to Southampton, Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Bremen at $35.

mar18 d2166 tsep7

Great Reduction of Fare to Europe.

FROM NEW YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON, HAVRE, OR BREMEN.		TO NEW YORK FROM SOUTHAMPTON, HAVRE OR BREMEN.	
First cabin	$80	First cabin	$100
Second cabin	50	Second cabin	65
Steerage	30	Steerage	40

In the first class paddle wheel steamships ARIEL, 2,000 tons, U. S. Jacobs, commander, and NORTH STAR, 2,700 tons, Edward Gayendy, commander, to sail from pier No. 3 North river, at noon precisely, carrying the United States mail, viz:

LEAVE NEW YORK FOR SOUTHAMPTON, HAVRE AND BREMEN.	BREMEN FOR SOUTHAMPTON,	SOUTHAMPTON FOR NEW YORK.
Ariel, Saturday, March 20.	April 17.	April 21.
North Star, " April 17.	May 15.	May 19.
Ariel, " May 15.	June 12.	June 16.
North Star, " June 12.	July 10.	July 14.

These steamships touch at Havre. Specie delivered in London and Paris. For passage or freight apply to

D. TORRANCE, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling Green, New York.
mar9 d249 3m

THE GLASGOW AND NEW YORK STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S Splendid & Powerful Steamers.

EDINBURGH, 2500 tons, WM. CUMMING, Commander.
NEW YORK, 3150 tons, WM. MCMILLAN, Commander.
GLASGOW, 1963 tons, DAVID GODWIN, " Are appointed to sail

FROM GLASGOW.

NEW YORK, 15th February.
GLASGOW, Saturday, 6th March.
EDINBURGH, 17th March.

FROM NEW YORK:

NEW YORK, Saturday, 13th March, at 12 o'clock noon.
GLASGOW, Wednesday, 31st March, do do
EDINBURGH, Saturday, 14th April, do do

RATES OF PASSAGE.

FROM GLASGOW.	FROM NEW YORK.
First Class.....15 guineas.	First Class.....$75 00
Steerage found with cooked provisions, 9 "	Steerage, found with cooked provisions, 50 00
Children under 14 years of age, half fare; infants in Steerage, $5.	

Return tickets, available within six months, by any Steamers of this line—

First class.....$140
Third class.....60

An experienced Surgeon attached to each Steamer, for passage, apply to

ROBERT CRAIG,
17 Broadway, New York, or
L. J. HUBY,
dec9 3t 78 d6m West Water Street, Milwaukee.

LIVERPOOL, PHILADELPHIA AND NEW YORK SCREW STEAMSHIP CO

THE splendid Steamships forming the above line will sail from NEW YORK as follows:

CITY OF BALTIMORE, Capt. Leitch, Thursday, February 18th.
CITY OF WASHINGTON, Capt. Petrie, Thursday, March 4th.
KANGAROO, Capt. Jeffrey, Thursday, March 18th.
CITY OF BALTIMORE, Capt. Leitch, Thursday, April 1.
CITY OF WASHINGTON, Capt. Petrie, Thursday, April 15.

From LIVERPOOL every alternate Wednesday.

Fare from New York, Cabin $75, Third Class $30.
" " Liverpool, Cabin $100, $85 and $75, Third Class $35.

These Steamers are supplied with improved watertight compartments, and carry experienced Surgeons.

Persons about proceeding to Europe, or wishing to send for their friends from the old country, can purchase tickets and obtain all information by applying to J. G. Dale, 19 Broadway, N. Y., Sabel & Cortis, 177 Broadway, N. Y., or C. KNODELSDORFF & CO., Milwaukee.

Passage certificates by first class sailing packets between New York and Europe, also drafts sold by the above. feb11 e501 d1y

FARE REDUCED.

STEAM TO SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.

THE magnificent steamship VANDERBILT, 3,365 tons, F. B. Lefevre, master, will sail with the mails—

FROM NEW YORK FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.	FROM SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE FOR NEW YORK.
Saturday.....April 10	Wednesday.....April 28
Saturday.....May 29	Wednesday.....June 9
Saturday.....July 8	Wednesday.....July 21

Price of passage according to location of room. First cabin $100. Second cabin $50.

Specie delivered in London and Paris.

For passage and freight, apply to D. TORRANCE, Agent, No. 5 Bowling Green, New York.
apr9 2t d may4

DISSOLUTION.

DISSOLUTION.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name and style of BAKER & ISHAM, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All persons having claims against the firm, and all persons indebted to said late firm, will call and settle with P. Ray Isham, W. B. Patten, and E. G. Black, who are duly authorized to make settlements, collections, and use the name in liquidation.

E. D. BAKER,
P. RAY ISHAM.

Milwaukee, March 20th, 1858.

The undersigned will continue the Importing and Jobbing Liquor business, under the style and firm of ISHAM PATTEN & BLACK, at the old stand of Baker & Isham, 79 East Water St.

P. RAY ISHAM,
WILLIAM B. PATTEN,
EDWARD G. BLACK.

My health being such as to compel me to retire from the firm of which I have been a member for many years past, I cannot take leave of my successors, Isham, Patten & Black, without cordially recommending them to the confidence of the public, feeling that those who may have dealings with them, will find them to be men of character and integrity.

I would bespeak for them a continuance of the liberal patronage with which I have been favored.

mar29 t48 d6w EDWIN D. BAKER.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of Warren & Tracy is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Tracy retiring. The business will be conducted at the old stand by R. E. Warren, who will settle the liabilities of the late firm, and to whom the debts owing the said firm must be paid, and is authorized to sign the name of the late firm in liquidation.

R. E. WARREN,
GEO. TRACY.
mar13 g100 d6w Milwaukee, March 9th, 1858.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between A. Bayliss and Lowell Lincoln, of the Milwaukee Commercial College, is hereby dissolved.

LOWELL LINCOLN.
mar8 0g192 d6t

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the co partnership heretofore existing under the style of Smith & McMahon, keepers of the Opposition Saloon, formerly Lake Shore Railroad Restaurant, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be carried on by Mr. Bryan Smith, as before.

BRYAN SMITH,
PETER McMAHON.
mar31 g201 d6t Milwaukee, March 30, 1858.

TAVERN STAND FOR SALE.

OWING to the ill health of the family of the undersigned, he offers for sale the well known stand known as the BUTLER HOUSE, situated in the village of Platteville, Grant County, Wisconsin. The House will accommodate about sixty guests, is well furnished and in good repair. Also, a good Barn and Out-buildings, capable of accommodating forty horses. It is situated on the corner of Main and Third sts., in the most central part of the town, has a good paying custom of about thirty-five hundred dollars a year of local business. Terms of sale—one-third down, the balance in three equal annual payments, with interest at twelve per cent. per annum. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber, on the premises, Platteville, Grant Co., Wis. mar9 g78 d8m WM. BUTLER.

FOR SALE.

20,000 BBL. Corn; 90,000 bu. Oats.—Also, just received, a consignment of Wrapping Papers, which will be sold cheap for cash or in exchange for Rags.

e20 g40 d4t COLE, BRADLEY & Co., Com. Merchants, 212 W. Water St.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Beef and Pork Packing Establishment.

EDWARD RODDIS,
PACKER OF
Beef, Pork, Hams, Lard, Tallow, &c., &c., &c.,
West Water Street, near Spring Street,
MILWAUKEE. [jan22 t24 d1y] WISCONSIN.

EDWARD R. FEAVEL,
THE OLD
ORIGINAL CITY BILL POSTER,
AND DISTRIBUTOR,

WOULD respectfully announce to his patrons and the public that he has been prevented from attending to his business the last winter by sickness and death in his family, and that he is now ready to attend to any jobs entrusted to his care. It shall be faithfully done, on the shortest notice possible, and on reasonable terms.

☞ Orders may be left at all the Printing Offices.
mar1 g91 d4t dtm

LEDROIT & O'BRIEN,
ORGAN BUILDERS,
Corner of Milwaukee and Michigan Streets.
O. LEDROIT. [mar1 g46 d1y] J. O'BRIEN.

JAMES H. DODGE,
ATTORNEY, AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

PARTICULAR attention given to the collection of Debts throughout the State.

Office No. 2 & 3 Mitchell's Block,
MILWAUKEE, [feb28 g36 d1y] WISCONSIN

UPHAM & GRAHAM,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
AND
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
Milwaukee, January 1st, 1856. 4 b9 d1y

BROWN & GODEN,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office in "Albany Block," Michigan st. apr30

WELLS & BRIGHAM,
Attorneys at Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office in Law Buildings, Wisconsin St.
CHAR. K. WELLS. [je14] JEROME R. BRIGHAM

EDMONDS & VAN DYKE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office 201 East Water Street, corner of Wisconsin St., in Martin's Block.
NORMAN J. EDMONDS. [aug8] JOHN H. VAN DYKE.

VAN SCHAICK & SCHOONMAKER,
SUCCESSORS TO GREEN & WATKINS,
MANUFACTURERS OF QUICK LIME.

BUILDERS and others using Lime will find it to their advantage to call at our office.
my4 t292 d1y WHITEWATER ST., below Spring St.

MARSHALL & PEVERLY
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS,
69 WISCONSIN ST., MILWAUKEE.
oct1 f491 d&w1

A. J. CLAREE & CO.,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

A. J. CLAREE—A. FEUCHTWANZER.
OFFICE, No. 11, Kneeland's Block
217 EAST WATER STREET,
Milwaukee, " " Wisconsin.
sep18-d1y-d884.

DADD & GALLOWAY,
HOUSE, Sign and Ornamental Painters. Graining, Marbling and Paper Hanging done in the most workmanlike manner, and on the most reasonable terms.

N. B.—Shop corner of Jefferson and Michigan Streets
A. H. DADD. G. GALLOWAY.
jy16 f685 1y

HOWELL & MILLERD,
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
Prairie du Chien Wisconsin.
J. S. HOWELL. [feb28 g104 d&f] M. A. MILLERD.

JOHN PLANKINTON & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF,
SOAP AND CANDLES,
West Water Street, near the M. & M. R. R. depot,
MILWAUKEE.

A. W. RANDALL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
No. 3 Albany Buildings,
MILWAUKEE, WIS.
jy30 f156 d1y

SMITH S. WILKINSON,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, and NOTARY PUBLIC,
PRAIRIE DU SAC, SAUK CO. WISCONSIN

P. RUEGIN,
PUMP MAKER,

HAS REMOVED from Market street, 7th Ward to North Water street, 1st Ward, between Main and Market streets, opposite the Mills—is now ready to make Pumps for Wells, Ships, etc., Water Pipes for Corporations, etc., and to do any work in that line to order and on the shortest notice.

J. J. McGRATH & Co.
Ship Pumps constantly on hand, Pump Boxes of all sizes, and other Pump Materials, which I will sell at the lowest prices. mar7 e84 d4ly

NEW EASTERN CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,
Corner Spring and Second Sts.

I AM CONSTANTLY receiving additions to my already large assortment of Eastern Carriages, Buggies, &c., &c., which I will sell at the lowest possible prices, and warranted as represented. Call and examine for yourselves.

j29 1y 58 y PHILO L. SMITH.

JAS. ABRAMS,
LAW AND ADMIRALTY OFFICE,
No. 3 Kneeland's Block, Milwaukee.

MR. JAS. ABRAMS, recently from Rochester, N. Y. has had many years practical experience in his Profession, and is familiar with the New York Code of practice, which is now the practice of this State—he will give attention also to the business of Counsel and the trial of causes.

de31 la 284 d1y

BROOKS & STEVENSON,
Portrait and Landscape PAINTERS.

STUDIO, CORNER OF EAST WATER AND WISCONSIN STREETS, Over Van Cott's.
feb1 d177 d1y

MARTIN L. KIMBALL,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Berlin, Marquette County, Wisconsin. my21-1yr

AMERICAN HOUSE,
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.
Board, One Dollar and Fifty Cents per Day.
STEARNS & JEFFRIES.
Milwaukee, Dec. 1st, 1857. ja16 f586 d3m

WRAPPING PAPER.

WE HAVE now on hand the best stock of first class Wrapping, Hardware, and Manilla papers that were ever offered in this market, and
[mar10 g87 d2w MOUNAN & McNAB.

LIQUORS, CIGARS.

O. KLEINSTEUBER & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
French, German and Spanish
WINES,
ROCHELLE & COGNAC BRANDIES,
OF VARIOUS QUALITIES AND GRADES.

ARE the only Rectifiers of BEE WHISKEY, a superior article, which nobody can imitate. Are the Agents for Wisconsin and the North-West, of Victor Foucher Olivier's superior Champagne, marked "CREMENT" also for the well-known brand of Dubosc Champagne. They have constantly on hand—very choice and old—

Monongahela and Rye Whisky

which they offer in quantities to suit purchasers, of Barclay, Perkins & Co's London Porter;
Irish and Scotch Whisky;
Jamaica Rum, St. Croix Rum, and Arrak;
Swiss Absynthe;
Spanish Bitters;
Holland Gin, &c., &c., constantly on hand and daily receiving.

Brick Store, No. 819 East Water Street.
H. A. BUHLIA,
feb8 l0d1y Agent and Manager.

SPANGENBERG & FINCK,
SUCCESSORS TO
TITUS FERNOW,
Importers and Dealers in
WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS,
CORNER OF MAIN AND MICHIGAN STREETS,
In Albany Building,
OPPOSITE NEWHALL HOUSE,
MILWAUKEE - - - WIS
jy17 l18-1y.

PHILIP DALEY,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
LIQUORS, WINES, CIGARS, OYSTERS, &c.,
FERRY STREET,
Walker's Point, Milwaukee
A few doors North of Hawkins' House.
mar7 e30 d1y

REMOVAL!

BRENNEKE & FRERICHS,
IMPORTERS OF SEGARS & TOBACCO,
HAVE REMOVED THEIR STOCK FROM
237 EAST WATER STREET,
TO THE
South West Corner of Main & Wisconsin STREETS,
WHERE THEY OFFER FOR SALE, AT
Wholesale and Retail,
AND
AT PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION,
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
Havana, Principe and Domestic Segars,
LEAF, SMOKING TOBACCOS AND SNUFFS.
—ALSO—
THE MOST APPROVED BRANDS OF
Virginia Manufactured Tobacco
jan7 e34 d1y.

MORSE & BROTHER,
SUCCESSORS TO ELIOT BROS.,
NO. 182 EAST WATER STREET,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN THE
CHOICEST BRANDS OF FOREIGN & DOMESTIC
CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c.

THE public are respectfully solicited to give us a call. Next door to Uncle Ben's Hat Store.
W. S. MORSE. [dec2 g77 d1y] LEVI MORSE.

BEEF, PORK, ETC.

PORK, BEEF, LARD, HAMS, SHOULDERS, DRIED BEEF, TONGUES, &c.
IN STORE FOR SALE

200 barrels, HEAVY MESS PORK,
100 " PRIME MESS PORK,
250 " MESS BEEF,
50 " LEAF LARD, and 5 bbls.
75 " bbls. BEEF TONGUES,
50 " PORK AND BEEF, for family use.
40,000 lbs HAMS,
5,000 lbs DRIED BEEF,
500 BEEF TONGUES.
nov11-d LAYTON & PLANKINTON.

EDWARD RODDIS,
WEST WATER STREET, has constant on hand, in store, for sale—
Mess Pork,
Mess Beef,
Leaf Lard, in bbls and half bbls;
Bacon, Green and Smoked;
Smoked Sugar Cured Hams;
Smoked Sugar Cured Shoulders;
Soap, Candles, Tallow, &c., &c.
jan29 l88 d1y

SUGAR CURED HAMS.

A FRESH LOT of Sugar Cured Hams and Dried Beef, just from Smoke House, of our own curing, for sale at low prices.
Jan26 LAYTON & PLANKINTON.

20 BBLS. LEAF LARD, very nice, for sale by F. B. MILES & CO.,
feb1 39 East Water St.

PAPER HANGINGS.

COLLINGBOURNE'S.
THE CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE CITY FOR
WALL PAPERS
Paints, Brushes and Artists' Colors
FIRST CLASS
PAINTERS & PAPER HANGERS,
207 MAIN STREET, MIL.
sep18

J. J. M'GRATH & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
PAPER HANGINGS AND DECORATIONS,
ARE now opening the largest and best stock ever opened in Milwaukee, manufactured to our own order for the Summer and Fall Trade of 1857.

PAPER HANGINGS!!

Of every style, quality and price.
BORDERS,
FIRE BOARD PRINTS,
VINES,
STATUARY ORNAMENTS
AND
MOULDINGS, &c., &c.

DECORATIONS!

To suit all styles of Architecture for Parlors, Halls, Dining Rooms, Banks, Offices, etc., etc.

DECORATING AND PAPER HANGING, in all its branches. ALL WORK WARRANTED.

WINDOW SHADES,

Of every description. Hollands of all widths and colors for shades, suitable for private dwelling, stores, saloons offices, etc., etc.

Windows measured, shades painted, lettered and put up to order on short notice.

J. J. McGRATH & CO.,
jy11 No. 207 Wisconsin street, Mil.

SHADES! SHADES!!
J. J. McGRATH & CO.,
WINDOW SHADE
MANUFACTURERS.

21 WISCONSIN STREET.

WHERE may be found Shade fixtures, Holland Tassels, Cords etc., of every description. Shades made to order and hung on short notice.

J. J. McGRATH & Co.
J. J. McGRATH, Paper Hanger, 7 VAUX, Shade Painter.
se8 g1

WALL PAPER!
PRICES REDUCED!

WE ARE SELLING our large stock of Wall Paper and Borders, at prices that must prove satisfactory to those who buy from us.

HENRICKSEN & CO.,
124 East Water Street,
Booksellers and Stationers.
mar31

Milwaukee & Watertown Railroad.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the interest on the First Mortgage Bonds of this Road, due 1st of March instant, will be paid at the Bank of Commerce, in the city of New York, on and after the 20th day of April next.

The Road has, for five months last past, been operated by an Agent, under a lease by the terms of which the earnings were to be applied in payment of said interest, but not having been so applied is the cause of the default.

Milwaukee, March 16th, 1858.

A. A. BRAYTON,
mar19 g106 d&apr20 Treasurer of M. & W. R. R. Co.

OYSTER DEPOT.

No. 101 East Water St., Milwaukee.

H. COOK, AGENT FOR C. S. MALTBY,

HAS commenced receiving the best kinds of CAN, KEG and SHELL OYSTERS, from Baltimore and New York, daily, per express, which we will sell, wholesale or retail, at the lowest rates.

☞ Orders from families respectfully solicited.

Orders from the country will meet with prompt attention, and goods shipped per first conveyance after receipt of order. sep24 d y W. P. HAMBLEE, Agent.

SILVER PLATED TEA SETS.

JUST received, a few choice patterns of Rodgers' Electro Plated Tea Sets, the best in the world. Also Cake Baskets, Butter Coolers, Molasses Cups, Castors, Spoons, Forks, &c., of the best silver plate, at low prices.
mar3 g78 d1y BEATH & PERSONS.

HARDWARE.

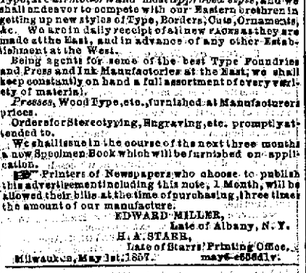
H. W. GOODRICH & CO.,
225
EAST WATER STREET,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
A. C. BARSTOW'S
SPIRAL HOT AIR FURNACES,
(Patent Heaters, Ranges, Stoves.

TIN, SHEET IRON AND COPPER WORK,
ON HAND OR MADE TO ORDER.
may4-e658 d1y

SMITH, SENFTLEBEN & CO.,
PRACTICAL
GAS AND STEAM PIPE FITTERS,
291 East Water St., Milwaukee,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
GAS AND STEAM PIPES,
LAP WELDED BOILER FLUES,
GAS, STEAM AND WATER COCKS,
GLOBE AND CHECK VALVES,
GUAGE COCKS,
STEAM GUAGES,
OIL CUPS, &c., &c
ALWAYS ON HAND,
a large assortment of
GAS FIXTURES!

Work done in a workmanlike manner, at short notice and lowest price. nov18

RICHARDSON & GRAY,
AIR WARMING
AND
VENTILATING WAREHOUSE,
WISCONSIN ST., UNDER YOUNG'S HALL



BOYNTON'S Self-Cleaning Furnaces for heating Churches, Stores, Public and Private Buildings; to burn wood or coal. Parlor Grates and Stoves, Cooking Ranges, Hot Air Registers and Ventilators. may6

C. & P. MELLUS,
258 Jefferson Avenue, Detroit,
Dealers in Foreign & Domestic
HARDWARE, CUTLERY,
Mechanics, Tools, Nails, Files, &c.
Also, Manufacturers of every description of
CAST STEEL SAWS.
Particular attention paid to the Manufacture of large
CIRCULAR SAWS;
OLD FILES RE-CUT.
All orders by mail will receive prompt attention. All kinds of saws repaired at short notice.
apr2 e652 d1y

NOTHING

IS SO APPROPRITE FOR A
NEW YEAR'S GIFT,
AS A
SETT OF CUTLERY!

The best that are made can be found at
J. HARDY'S,
Opposite the Walker House, Mil.
dec30

MISCELLANEOUS.

MILLER & STARR'S
NORTH-WESTERN
Type, Stereotype & Electrotype Foundry,
AND
PRINTERS' WAREHOUSE,
Corner of West Water & Spring Streets,
MILWAUKEE WISCONSIN.

Having completed our arrangements for the above business in this city, we would invite the co-operation of the printers of this and surrounding States in its behalf. Our facilities are equal to any Foundry in the country for manufacturing type and Printer's Materials; and for beauty of finish and hardness of metal, cannot be surpassed in this or any other country. The faces of our Type, are all *modern* and most *approved style*, and we shall endeavor to compete with our Eastern brethren in getting up new styles of Type, Borders, Cuts, Ornaments, &c. We are in daily receipt of all new FACES as they are made at the East, and in advance of any other Establishment at the West.

Being agents for some of the best Type Foundries and Press and Ink Manufactories at the East, we shall keep constantly on hand a full assortment of every variety of materials.

Presses, Wood Type, etc., furnished at Manufacturers prices.

Orders for Stereotyping, Engraving, etc. promptly attended to.

We shall issue in the course of the next three months a new Specimen Book which will be furnished on application.

☞ Printers of Newspapers who choose to publish this advertisement including this note, 1 Month, will be allowed their bills at the time of purchasing, three times the amount of our manufactory.

EDWARD MILLER,
Late of Albany, N. Y.
H. A. STARR,
Late of Starr's Printing Office,
Milwaukee, May 1st, 1857. may6-e656 d1y.

THE LAKE SIDE WATER CURE,
AT MADISON, WISCONSIN.

IS NOW under the full control of Dr. S. M. LANDIS, from Philadelphia, Pa., and is ready for Hygienic Boarders and Patients. The Electro-Chemical Baths and numerous curative adjuncts have been introduced.—Address as above, enclosing stamp.

REFERENCES AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 23, 1858.

We, the undersigned, have known Dr. S. M. LANDIS for a number of years, and have personally been under his admirable treatment, do most cheerfully recommend him to the public confidence as a scientific, successful and able practitioner of the "Healing Art," as scientifically and by *progressive* Water Cure and Hygienic advocates.

We equally deem him worthy of public appreciation wherever he goes, and we much regret his loss as a Physician, Teacher and Public Lecturer.

Should any friends of the undersigned meet with this, they will be kind enough to regard this as a *special* recommendation of Dr. LANDIS.

Wm. C. Goodyear, 2 Walnut street, Philadelphia.
Samuel Conard, S. E. cor. 9th & Market sts., do
Chas. Stackhouse, 66 N. 4th st., do
Thos. L. Gillespie, S. W. cor 6th & Market st., do
Lewis Ladomius, 802 Chestnut st., do
Milwood Reeves, 918 N. 7th st., do
Jas. Konigmacher, Ephrata Mountain Springs, Pa.
Jas. H. Espinosa, Haddonfield, N. J.
Stephen F. Wright, Frankford, Pa.
J. Simpson Africa, Jr., Clerk Senate, Harrisburgh, Pa.
Alfred Shocking, Washington, D. C.
feb16 g2d3m

N. G. BISHOP,
(SUCCESSOR TO M. WARNER & CO.,)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE,
ALSO, DEALER IN
Family Groceries and Provisions,

WOULD invite the attention of Country Dealers to his stock of

WOODEN WARE.

Tubs, Kegs,